NORTH CAROLINA PORTFOLIO

The Milton Spectator.

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The Spectator.

WEEKLY.

WILLIE J. PALMER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

S. W. GRUBB,
ASSISTANT EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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The Law of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
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Miscellaneous.

The First Cross Word.

"You *seem* happy, Annette, always. I have never been in a family where the husband and wife *seemed* more so"

"Well done, Kate," said Mrs. Huntington, laughing, you have used the word *seem* only twice in that short sentence.—And now you have a begging way about you, as if you were really in earnest to hear something about married life, before taking the fatal step. It is well Henry is not here to see the look of sadness in the eye of his bride elect. He might fancy her heart was full of misgivings instead of wedding finery."

"Don't laugh at me, Annette; talk with me as you used to do. I love Henry, you know, and yet I have many misgivings about married life. I see so few who are really happy in this relation—I mean happy as I should wish to be.—You seem to have come nearer to it than any one else. Don't you ever——?"

"Quarrel? No, not often now. We had our breaking in. I believe it must come to all sooner or later."

"Do tell me about it, will you Annette?"

"Yes, if you are very desirous of it.—You may learn something from it."

"I was a romantic girl, as you well know, Kate. Some few friends I had whom I loved dearly; but these friendships did not satisfy my heart. Something more it craved. I hardly knew what until I loved my husband. When we were first married, I used sometimes to ask myself: now, do I find in this life all which I expected to find? Am I as happy as I thought I should be? My heart always responded, yes, and more so. With us the romance of married life, if I may call it so, held on a long time. For my part, I was conscious of a pleasurable excitement of feeling when we were together. I enjoyed riding and walking *alone* with him. The brightest hours in the day were those in which we sat down alone together, to talk or read. For a long time I felt a gentle restraint in his presence. I liked to be becomingly dressed and to feel in tune. When dull, I made an effort to be social and cheerful if he was present. I had a great fear of getting into the way of sitting down stupidly with my husband, or of having nothing to talk about but the children and the butcher's bill. I made a business of remembering every pleasant thing which I read, or heard, or thought, to tell him, and when all these subjects were exhausted, we had each of us a hobby we could ride, so that we were never silent for want of something to say. Thus we lived for a year or two. I was very happy. I think people were often surprised to see us continue to enjoy each other's society with so much zest.

"But there was this about it. As yet I had nothing to try me. We were boarding, I had no care, and his tenderness and interest was a sovereign panacea for the little ails and roughnesses which must fall to us in our best estate. This could not last, however, forever.—He became more and more occupied in his business, and I at length had a house and a baby to look after. Then for the first time our mutual forbearance was put to a test. Hitherto we had been devoted to each other; now the real cares of life pressed upon us so as often to really absorb our energies. I was the first to feel the change. It seemed to me as if something was overshadowing us. Sometimes I would get sentimental, and think he did not love me as he once did. As I look back now, I am convinced that here was my *first wrong step.* Indulgence in these moods weakened my resolution. It was an injustice to him, of which I ought not to have been guilty.—It left me, too, with a wounded feeling, as if I had been wronged, which began to effect my spirits.

"Once, I had for some time carried about this little sore spot in my heart. I kept the matter all to myself, for I was in part ashamed, and in part too proud to speak of it. Here was another wrong step. There is no security of happiness in married life but in the most perfect confidence.

"There came a season of damp chilly weather. One morning I got up feeling very irritable. I had taken cold; my head ached; and my baby had been worrisome during the night. In my kitchen I had a cross, ignorant servant girl; and on this particular morning she had done her very worst for breakfast. The beefsteak was burned to a cinder; the eggs were like bullets; the bread half baked, and the coffee, which was our main stay, was execrable. My husband was very patient with all this, until he came to the coffee, and this upset him. He put his cup down and said, 'I do wish we could have some good coffee. Annette, why cannot you have it made as my mother does?'

"This was a drop too much for me, and I boiled over. 'You never think any thing on our table fit to be eaten,' said I; and I almost started at the sound of my own voice—'you had better live at home, if you are not satisfied, or else provide me with decent servants. I cannot do every thing—take care of my baby all night and get breakfast too.'

"'I did not know before that I was so *very* unreasonable,' said he in a tone of injured feeling. He sat a few minutes then rose, left his untasted breakfast put on his hat and went off.

"When I heard the door shut behind him, all my temper left me. I went into my room, locked myself in, sat down and cried like a child. This was the *first cross word* I had ever spoken to my husband. It seemed to me that some suddeen calamity had befallen us. I worked myself up to such a pitch of feeling, that I walked about the room wringing my hands.

"'Oh, it is all over with us,' thought I; we shall never be happy together again in this world.' This thought made me unspeakably miserable. I felt as if a black pall had fallen around me and in the future there was only blank—darkness. In my misery I sought to comfort myself by blaming him. 'He need not have spoken so to me, at any rate,' said I, out aloud; 'he might have seen how I felt; it was too much for any one to bear. It really was not one bit kind in him. It is plain enough that he does not care for my comfort as he once did. Then to be always telling me what nice things his mother cooks, when he knows I am trying to do my very best to learn to please him! It is really too bad.'

"Don't look so dreadfully sober, Kate. My baby cried just here, and I had to run before I was through with my catalogue of grievances, yet I had gone far enough to get well on the wrong track again.—I began to calm myself with the reflection, that if there had been a great wrong done, I was not the only one to blame for it. I was dreadfully sory that I had spoken cross to him, but I thought he ought to be sorry too. Before my baby finished crying, I came to the conclusion that I would not show signs of penitence untill I saw some in him.

"So I bathed my face, that no traces of tears might remain, dressed myself with unusual care, and went down to old Bridget to give some very particular directions about the dinner. I did this with a martyr-like spirit. I meant to try my best to make him sorry for his injustice. I resolved to reproach him with a first rate dinner, good as his mother could cook. To whet the edge of my delicate reproof, I made, with my own hands a most excellent cup of coffee.

"One o'clock came at last, though I thought it never would; the door opened, and I heard his quick step in the hall.—Of all things in this world, he was whistling! He came to the table with a bright face from which every trace of morning's cloud had disappeared, and as he sat down looked around with a pleased expression.

"'Why, Annette," said he, 'what a nice dinner.'

"'I am glad you are pleased,' said I, in a subdued tone.'

"'Capital,' said he, 'the best roast we have had this season.'

"He was so much taken up with my delicate reproofs as not to notice that I was out of spirits. I was half pleased and half provoked; but I kept rather still, making little conversation except in reply to him.

"After dessert, I handed him his cup of coffee. He was quite astonished. 'Why, Annette,' said he, 'I do believe you went to work to-day to see what you could do.'

"He had hit the truth though without the least suspicion of the cause. My first impulse was, to be honest and out with it, by replying—'Is it as good as your mother makes?' This would have given him the key of the whole story—he would have ferreted it all out, and we would have settled it there; but I felt ashamed to. I sipped my coffee in silence. The golden moment passed, my good angel took his flight. Pride had the day. I even began to be vexed at his enjoying a good dinner so much, and so easily forgetting what had caused me so much suffering. He was very busy on that day, and did not stay with me as long as usual to chat, but went off whistling even more cheerily than when he came.

"I went up to the nursery and sat down to think it over. Baby was asleep; the rain pattering against the windows; the wind was rising, and to me the world looked dreary enough. I had tired myself all out getting up such a dinner, and now the excitement was over, and I felt the reaction, I began to ask myself what I had got for it. Just nothing at all.—My husband either did not or would not see that there was anything to be reconciled about. I blamed him for his insensibility. 'Once,' thought I, 'he would have noticed any change in my voice or any shadow which came over my spirits; now, I can really be cross to him and he does not mind it at all.'

"I had a doleful afternoon of it, I was restless enough; trying first one employment and then another but finding nothing which would suit. I went down to tea farther, if anything, from the right point than I had been at noon. I sat dejected and silent. My husband tried once or twice to engage me in conversation without success.

"'Annette,' said he, at length, in a kind tone, do not you feel well to-day?'

"'Not very,' said I, with a sigh.

"'What is the matter?'

"'My head aches; the baby kept me awake almost all night.' This was the truth but only in part, and I felt guilty as I said it. Then he begged me to go and lie down on the sofa, in the parlor, and said he would read to me anything which I would like to hear.

"I felt all this kind in him. It was like old times; the new times, you see had been but a day, but to me very long; yet it was not what I wanted. I wished to have the trouble cleared away, not bridged over; and I determined to hold out until it should come to this, and he should see and feel that I could not be made happy after a cross word, without a scene of mutual contrition and forgiveness; so I would not stay and be read to, but told him I must go to bed. I left him in his easy chair, with his study lamp, and book and bright fire, in regular old bachelor style, and went into my nursery, and then to bed, and cried myself asleep. You laugh, Kate, as if you thought I was a fool. I think so myself now."

"I held out a week, becoming every day more and more sad, and sulky, I may as well call it. When I was left alone, I used to take my baby up and cry over him as if my husband was dead, and the child was all I had left in the world. Dear me! how unhappy I was, and every day added to it. I would find something in his conduct to pain me every time we met. Either he was too attentive, or not attentive enough; talked too much or too little.

"He bore my moody ill-humor most patiently, thinking I was ill. One day he came home, and told me had obtained a a week's leave of absence, and had engaged a carriole, and I must pack up myself and my baby and be ready to start in an hour. He was going to take me home to my mother's. We may as well have journey as pay Dr.'s bills, Annette,' said he; 'and as to having you drooping about in this style any longer, I am not going to. We will send off old Bridget, lock up our house, run away from old care, and have some fun."

"He looked up so kindly I could have fallen upon his neck and wept my heart out, to think how ugly I had been; but there was no time then to talk it over.—I hurried away to pack, but before I was half through with the packing, I resolved that I would tell him the whole story from beginning to end. The moment I came to this determination, the load was gone; my heart seemed light as a feather; the expression of my countenance, the tones of my voice changed. I was conscious of it, and he noticed it as soon as I joined him at the appointed hour.

"'Why, Annette,' said he, 'getting ready has cured you. We may as well stay at home now.'

"That will do, Kate. The rest of the story will sound sentimental to a third party."

"No, no, Annette, that would be leaving out the very cream of it. Tell me how you settled it."

"Well, we rode on enjoying the change until towards dark. Baby then fell asleep. It was a very quiet hour—every thing about was beautiful and peaceful. I felt deeply, and I longed to have all in my heart pure and peaceful. Tears of real penitence came into my eyes, and before I knew it, they were dropping down upon the baby. My husband turned and saw them.

"'Why, Annette,' said he, with utmost surprise, 'what is the matter?'

"'Oh, I am so sorry,' said.

"'Sorry for what, love,' said he, are you not happy? Does anything trouble you?'

"'I am so sorry,' said I, 'that I have been looking so ugly this week.

"'What do you mean?' said he, looking more and more puzzled?'

"'How can you help knowing?' said I. Then I began at the beginning and told him the whole story. How I rose feeling irritable, and was provoked to speak the *first cross word;* how he told me my things were not as nice as his mother's, and went off vexed; then how he got over it, and forgot all about it, and would not help me to feel good natured by saying he was sorry. How I had brooded over it all the week—how it had festered away in my heart and poisoned all my enjoyment. What torrents of tears I had shed when alone, as I thought it was all over with us, and we never should love again as we once loved.

"He heard me through without making a single remark, and then he burst into a loud laugh. 'I want to know, Annette,' if this is what has ailed you all this week?'

"'Yes,' said I. Upon this he checked our Dobbin, and began to turn round.

"'What are you going to do?' said I.

"'Going back,' said he, 'if this is all which is the matter with you.'

"I laughed heartily as he did, for now my sin was confessed, I felt very happy; but I pulled the other rein and drew the whip lash over Dobbin's ears, and away he went like a bird towards my mother's home.

"We made a resolution, then, Kate, that if either had aught against the other, it should be settled before the sun went down; that we might go to sleep, if not at 'peace with all the world,' at least at peace with each other, forgiving and forgiven. This resolution we have faithfully kept, and I have never seen another week of such misery as I have been telling you about, and I trust I never shall. I hope you will find in your new relations, Kate, all the enjoyment we now do. This is the best wish I can offer you—and that your first cross word may also be your *last.*"

Kindness.

How sweet is the memory of a kind act performed! It refreshes as the limpid dew. As we rest on the pillow, or rise with the sun, it gives us fresh delight.—To alleviate the sufferings of a hopeless man, to make the widow's heart glad once more, to dry the tear in the orphan's eye that hunger and cold started from its hidden fount, is sweet, Oh, how sweet!—There is a sacred luxury in kindness to those who suffer. We may be filled with sorrow in after life ourself, the storm may shriek its mournful dirge around us—all may be gloom and darkness, but memory opens the way and the glad and cheery sunbeam steals in and warms the heart. Who will not be kind to those who suffer, and rejoice in the performance of good deeds? Who will not bring the balm oil of sympathy to pour upon a wounded heart? To bind up the spirit's wounds, dry the tears of sorrow, make the heart rejoice and spend an hour with those who suffer,

"Is worth a thousand passed
In pomp or ease—'tis present to the last."

Age.

Dry Clouds.

Two boys among the blackberry bushes, some mile or two out of town, saw a cloud rising and heard a noise like thunder. One, who was a little timid, said to the other, "come Bill, let's go home, it thunders." The other not wishing to return home so soon, denied that it thundered at all. Directly the rumbling noise was borne on the freshening breeze. "What's that then?" inquired the other. "Why, Fred, don't you know what that is? If you don't I'll tell you. You know it has been dry weather for a long long time. What clouds there are floating about are as dry as old sheepskins, and when the wind blows it rattles them. Havn't you often heard vessels sails snap and crack when they were shivering in the wind? Well, just so dry clouds do, only they make a great deal louder noise because they are so much larger." The clouds happening to sheer off in another direction, Bill's dry-cloud story went down very well.—*Buffalo Repub.*

☞ Many a true heart that would have come back like a dove to the ark after its first transgression, has been frightened beyond recall by the angry look and menace—the taunt, the savage charity of an unforgiving spirit.

☞ He that cannot forgive others, breaks the bridge over which he must pass himself; for every man has need to be forgiven.

Agricultural.

[From the American Farmer.]

Work for October.

The unprecedented drought, that has prevailed so long during the present season, having prevented the ploughing of the wheat ground, much of that labor, we fear, will still have to be done, and, consequently, the seeding of wheat put back many weeks. In view of these facts, we would respectfully advise our agricultural friends to prepare their grounds, and get in their seed wheat as early as possible, and to be sure to give full supplies of guano, or other animal manures, so as to impart an early and vigorous start to the plants, in order that they may be the better able to withstand the frosts of winter. In connexion with the seeding of wheat on sound lands, we would remark, that it is essential to success, that deep ploughing, and thorough pulverization of the soil be observed. And we will add, that subsoil ploughing, where practicable, would prove a valuable auxiliary process. During the present season, we have closely watched the various notices which have appeared in the newspaper press, in relation to the character of the corn crop, and the effect of the drought upon it, as also, in regard to the manner in which the land had been prepared.—In several instances we have read of adjoining fields, where on the one field, which had been ploughed shallow, the leaves of the corn plants were curled and literally burnt up, the ears small and badly filled, and promising not more than the fourth of an average crop, while on the adjoining field, which had been ploughed deep, say from 7 to 10 inches, without any superiority of soil, manuring or culture comparatively good and luxuriant crops of well filled ears were growing. Now, why this difference in prospective produce? Simply, because of the greater depth to which the land had been ploughed, enabling the plants to draw moisture to a greater depth from the earth, and to extract from the atmosphere a more bountiful supply of organic food; perhaps the wheat grower may conclude, that as the crop thus benefitted was corn, it has no connexion with wheat; but if he should so conclude, he will do so erroneously, as the latter crop will be just as much favored by deep ploughing as the former; for it is known that the roots of the wheat plant will penetrate the earth to the depth of three feet, and it is consonant to reason, that the farther the soil may be subject to the meliorating influences of the atmosphere, the more beneficial will its effects be upon the growth of the plants. There is another good effect to result from deep ploughing, as well as from thorough pulverization, it is this, such preparation operates as a partial exemption from winter-killing, as the drier the soil lies in winter and early spring, the greater certainty is there against the injurious effects of the upraising of the earth from thawing.

As a specimen of hundreds of other paragraphs that have met our eye during the last six weeks, we give the following, which appeared in the Louisville Courier of the 2d September. It contains, in itself, a most happy illustration of the salutary effects of deep ploughing and subsoiling, which we trust will commend the practice to those of our readers who may have heretofore been opposed to it. But we feel it to be our duty to emphatically state, that wet grounds will not be benefitted by either deep ploughing or subsoiling, and that before such lands can be advantageously subjected to either process, they must be drained, and time allowed, say one year be permitted to intervene, to permit the surface soil to be relieved from an excess of water:

"We were shown yesterday a letter from a gentleman who has recently travelled through Indiana, Ohio, and portions of Kentucky. He says that, so far as he went in Indiana and Ohio, the prospect for the corn crop is gloomy indeed; many of the fields would not produce five bushels to the acre, whilst some of the farmers were cutting up their corn, in order to make fodder for winter. He further states, that in passing through the farm of Wm. P. Diltz, Esq., living about forty-five miles above Cincinnati, in Bracken county, Kentucky, he saw one hundred and twenty acres of extra corn fields, the ears of which were large and well filled, and must make seventy-five bushels to the acre. Mr. Diltz attributes his success this year to the fact of his having broken up this land very deep with a subsoil plow, the consequence of which is, that the drought did not have the same effect as upon shallow plowing."

Rye.—This crop should have been seeded in August, but it may be put in any time this month up to the 15th, provided the land have a good dressing of animal manure, be ploughed deep, and pulverized thoroughly. The ground being ploughed, harrowed, and rolled, then sow five pecks on each acre, harrow and cross harrow the seeds in, then top-dress with a mixture of five bushels of ashes, two bushels of salt, and one bushel of plaster per acre; this done, make your water furrows, and roll across them.

Threshing out wheat.—Thresh and clean your wheat so as to have it ready for market. Watch the prices well, so that you may avail yourself of every improvement in them, and not permit the fruits of your labor to go into the pockets of speculators who neither toil nor spin, nor add a dollar to the wealth of the nation, and whose only desire is to enrich themselves by the labors of the producing portions of the community.

Management of the cattle yard.—There are no truths better established in agricultural science than these: In proportion to the quantity of organic remains which may be in a soil, so is its power of attraction or retention increased or diminished; a soil well filled with organic remains has a greatly increased capacity over one deficient in these substances, of attracting, condensing, and retaining organic food from the atmosphere, provided its preparation be such as to favor these purposes.

Such being the case, interest and duty both combine to point out to every observing farmer, the propriety of converting into the food of plants, everything on his farm or plantation susceptible of such conversion, without regard to the expense or time it may involve or take; for there can be no question but that he will find his fields generously repay him for his outlays, by a return of principal and interest—aye with compound interest, through their increased productions and improvement of their qualities.—And as we know no place where the rough materials which we shall hereafter name can be more certainly transformed into the food of plants than the cattle yards, we recommend to our readers, before they confine their stock in their yards this fall, to cover the entire surface some ten or twelve inches deep with rough materials of some kind, as peat, marsh mud, river mud, sea weeds, ditch scrapings, road scrapings, leaves and woods' mould, mould from headlands and fence corners, pine shatters, cornstalks, coarse grass from the marshes, weeds, &c., or any other substance in which there are vegetable or organic remains. These materials should be so spread as to gently incline to the centre, and to have the sides slightly higher, so as to give the yard the form of a shallow dish, which form will prevent the loss of the liquid evacuation of the stock. To prevent loss from the escape of any ammonia which may be formed, it would be well to incorporate plaster or pulverized charcoal strewn over it, which operation should be repeated twice or thrice a week.

If the winter should prove mild, a few inches more of rough materials should be added, care being taken to preserve the dish-like form of the yard.

If our advice be taken in the letter and the spirit, we hazard nothing in saying that the whole mass thus accumulated will, by spring, be just as good as if no raw material had been placed in the yard, while its quantity will be greatly increased.

Cattle sheds.—Every cattle yard should be partially surrounded by comfortable sheds to protect the cattle from the weather—the sheds should either have a southern or southeastern exposure.—Their floors, whether of earth or plank, should be elevated a few inches above the level of the yard, to insure dryness, and afford comfortable lodgings for the stock. Which floors should be well littered, and frequently cleaned out.

A Public Benefactor.

He is a public benefactor who, by the prudent and skilful outlay of his money in bettering his condition, shall make a single field yield permanently a double crop; and he who does this over a square mile, virtually adds a square mile to the national territory—nay, he does more, he doubles in extent the territorial resources of the country, without giving the State any larger actual area to defend.

All hail then to the improvers of the soil! health and long life be their fortune—may their hearts be light and their purses heavy—may their dreams be few and pleasant, and their sleep the sweet repose of the weary—may they see the fruits of their own labor, and may their sons reap still heavier harvests.

Blackwood's Magazine.

Independence.

Independence—the word has a significance that braces up the nerves, as the sound of the trumpet animates the war-steed. Were all men truly independent in spirit and in action, we should have few meannesses to describe—few cases of real misery to record. True independence consists in doing what is right, and avoiding wrong under all circumstances. To that spirit we owe the liberation of our country from the yoke of monarchial bondage, and to it, we believe, every man, more or less, who does well, owes his prosperity.

The Spectator.

MILTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18, 1854.

Advertisements or communications intended for insertion in the *Spectator*, must be handed in by three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. This rule will be adhered to in *all* cases.

No communication will be published in the "*Spectator*" unless accompanied by a responsible name. To this rule we must *strictly adhere*.

To the Patrons and Friends of the Spectator.

Little did we think, three months ago, when we became Assistant Editor of this paper, that we should so soon be left alone to enter the "worlds broad field of battle." But 'tis even so. We know not what a day may bring forth. Since our recent bereavement, it has become necessary that an arrangement should be made for the future management of the "*Spectator*," and it is in accordance with this arrangement that we now appear as its Editor. In so doing, we are well aware that we assume a position of no ordinary responsibility, and we can but promise to do our best, feeling assured that a generous public will overlook our faults. Remember! "We are but young, let youth then plead our cause."

In politics the *Spectator* will remain unchanged. In our editorial career we shall give our adherence to the great principles of the Democratic party, and upon the all important question of Internal Improvements our position is well known and understood. We shall spare no pains to render the Spectator a family newspaper. To the farmer we would say, that we will always devote a portion of our columns to selections from the best agricultural journals. We have also made arrangements for a correct weekly report of the Norfolk, Richmond, and Petersburg markets.

We have secured the services of Mr. S. W. Grubb, who for several months past has been connected with this office, as Publisher, and assistant in the miscellaneous department of the paper.—From his long experience we doubt not but that he will give general satisfaction.

We have thus stated our plans for the continuance of the paper, and we would now call upon our citizens to lend us their aid and encouragement to carry it on in a proper manner. We want several hundred new subscribers. The question is shall we get them? If our friends will only exert themselves in the least, we are sure they can be obtained. Certainly, this section of the State ought to sustain a Democratic paper. We have said enough. For past favors, so kindly extended to us, we return our sincere and heartfelt thanks, and can only ask a continuance of the same.

WILLIE J. PALMER.

It will be seen from the foregoing that the undersigned will hereafter be connected with this paper, in the capacity of its Publisher and Assistant Editor.—He wishes it now to be distinctly understood, that with the political department of the paper he will have no connexion. Articles on other subjects from his pen have heretofore, and will hereafter, appear in the columns of the *Spectator*.

To the Ladies, he would make his most profound bow, and will promise, that he will endeavor to make the *Spectator* both instructive and entertaining to their elevated minds.

But it is with the publishing department that he will be most intimately connected, and he flatters himself that from the experience he has had in the business, he is fully qualified to perform the duties incumbent upon that position. Having served a long apprenticeship at the printing business, in one of the largest Book and Job offices in the South, the office will be fully prepared to execute job printing of every description. And he hopes that a generous public will bestow upon it a few of their favors in that line.

S. W. GRUBB.

The steamer E. K. Collins was burnt on the night of the 9th instant, between Detroit and Cleveland. Twenty-three lives were lost.

The Oldest Officers in the Union.

The venerable Henry Potter, Judge of the United States district courts of North Carolina, and the venerable Wm. Hill, Secretary of State, are, no doubt, the oldest public officers in the United States. The former was first appointed a Judge by the elder John Adams, and re-appointed by Mr. Jefferson, and the latter was first elected, we think, nearly fifty years ago, and has been re-elected or continued in office ever since.

The Comptroller of the State.

We learn by a letter from Raleigh, that Major Wm. J. Clark, the present able and efficient public officer at the head of this Department, will not be a candidate for re-election. This is now an important office, although it has attached to it but a meagre salary. The ensuing General Assembly will have to select a successor.

We hope that our present worthy and able treasurer will be continued in office. A more faithful public officer could not be obtained.

What does he Mean?

The Milton Spectator calls on the people not to forget the *Kerr* dinner, soon to come off in that vicinity. Can't understand *such*.—*Metropolitan*.

Can't you indeed? Then we will make it clear to thy *dull* comprehension. We called upon the people to attend a dinner given to the Hon. John Kerr, by his friends and neighbors in Caswell *without distinction of party*, in commendation of his manly support of that great measure, the Nebraska bill, in connexion with Messrs. Douglas, Cass, and other great champions of Democracy. At which dinner the Hon. Calvin Graves presided, and letters were received from distinguished *Democrats* regretting their inability to attend.

That is what we meant, and we are sorry that the Editor of the Metropolitan *worships* party so devoutly, as to be unable to do honor to an honest opponent for his support of the Constitution and the Union.

Mr. E. B. Holden advertises in to-day's paper, his fall stock of dry-goods, groceries, and hardware. His stock is very large, and will be sold as low as any in town. Ladies, give him a call; Mr. Holden is still in the market himself.

Agricultural Fair.

It is with great pleasure that we chronicle the success of our county Fair, recently held at Yanceyville. We were unable to attend, but learned that it passed off well, and was an exhibition in all respects, creditable to the industry and enterpsise of our citizens. The address of the Hon. John Kerr is highly spoken of by all who heard it. We subjoin the following extract from the Editor of the Danville Republican who was present:

The first fruits of the fields, the best of the cattle and other things, showed that they understand the word progress—in its true signification. The large number of specimens of new tobacco on exhibition, is an index of one of the finest crops ever raised in that county. We regret that we were compelled to leave before the various prizes were awarded to the farmers, upon this, the staple production of the county. The quality and quantity of the weed raised by them is unsurpassed by those in any other region.

But the ladies' department of exhibition was the great feature of the occasion. In every thing appertaining to the skill and taste of the housewife the display was beyond all anticipation. From the heaviest fabric of domestic cloth to the finest specimen of needle work the catalogue was complete. Besides these the results of the dairy, consisting of the nicest cheese and butter, would have tempted the fastidious apetite, and if anything were yet wanted to make the feast palatable, there were the domestic wines, made of the scuppernong grape, the blackberry and the currant, which would have shaken the strength of the most enthusiastic temperance advocate.

In addition to these the young ladies had sent in specimens of painting and drawing which exhibited most astonishing taste and skill.

It was a source of regret to many present who were unable to attend on the second day, that the speech of the Hon. John Kerr, was not delivered on Tuesday, as the delay prevented many from hearing him.

The success of the fair for this year has been such, that its annual return will be expected with additional interest each succeeding year in future, as this has served to show them what they may do by proper exertion. Success to our friends in Caswell. They have set an example which the counties in the surrounding country would do well to imitate, and it might not be inappropriate to enquire what the Agricultural Society in Pittsylvania is doing to encourage the farming interest of the county?

The list of premiums awarded will be found in another column. The ladies, it will be seen, have been quite industrious.

Godey's Magazine for November is before us, containing 100 pages of reading matter, and twelve full page plates.—The first plate of "Peace" is taken from one of the two celebrated match pictures—Peace and War—by Landseer, of London. It is a beautiful engraving. He promises a rich treat for December.—Address L. A. Godey, No 113 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

The weather has been much cooler for several days past, and the nights have been followed by heavy frosts.—The farmers are anxiously awaiting rain, in order that they may commence sowing wheat.

The journeymen printers of Washington have demanded an advance of two dollars per week on their present wages. The high price of provisions and clothing has rendered this step necessary. We wish them every success in this life, and when called upon to leave it, may their forms be found rightly imposed and their matter corrected, in order that a clean revise may be taken.

Southern Literary Messenger.

We have received the September number of the Southern Literary Messenger, the issue of which has been delayed, awaiting a letter from the Editor, now in Europe. It has an attractive table of contents. This excellent periodical should be in the hands of every one who desires to encourage Southern Literature.

Resolutions.

At a special meeting of Milton Division No. 53, Sons of Temperance, held on Monday evening, October 9, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, it has pleased God in his inscrutable wisdom to take from among us, in the heighth of his usefulness, our beloved brother, Nathaniel Jones Palmer, therefore,

Resolved, That we desire to bow with humble submission to this dispensation of his Providence, and to lay seriously to heart the solemn lesson which it conveys, of the uncertainty of human life.

Resolved, That in the untiring industry with which he prosecuted the various branches of his extensive business, in his public spirit as a citizen, his kindness and benevolence as a neighbor, and his self sacrificing devotion as a christian, our brother Palmer has left an example which we who remain would do well to imitate.

Resolved, That by his death our Division, and the community in which he lived, has sustained a great loss.

Resolved, That to his afflicted family we offer our warmest sympathies under this dispensation, which has been to us a common bereavement, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to them.

Resolved, That in memory of our departed brother we will wear the usual badge of mourning.

Resolved, That these resolutions be sent to the Milton papers and the Spirit of the Age, with a request to publish.

Columbian College.

The session of Columbian College commenced last week. The number of students who have matriculated is about the same with those of the last three or four years at the commencement of the session. Rev. Dr. Bacon still presides. The trustees are endeavoring to fill his place as soon as possible, as also that of Prof. Latham, who has become a teacher in the Richmond Female Institute.

True Union.

Death of the Famous Dow, Jr.

Mr. Samuel Nichols, associate editor of the New York Sunday Mercury, fell from a railroad car a few days since, and was crushed under the wheels. As a humorous writer he was quite celebrated. He was the original "Dow, Jr.," and his "Short Patent Sermons" have had an extensive circulation.

Names of the Six New Steam Frigates.

We understand that the Secretary of the Navy has determined on the following names to be given to the six steam frigates now being built:

Roanoke and Colorado, at Norfolk.
Minnesota, at Washington.
Wabash, at Philadelphia.
Niagara, at New York.
Merrimack, at Boston.

The University.

The Charlottesville Advocate thinks from present prospects, there will not be less than 550 students at the University this session.

This is another *State* Institution, deserving the well wishes of all Virginians. As *such*, we are highly gratified to learn that it is steadily progressing in public esteem.—*Danville Register.*

Midshipmen now entering the Service.

In the list of those young gentlemen who have just passed the preliminary examinations for admission into the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and have received from the Secretary of the Navy, appointments as Acting Midshipmen, we discover the following from this State.

Hamilton A. Brown, 8th Congressional District. Wm. Alex. Kerr, 5th.—Chas. S. Wheeler, 8th. Richard Wheeler, 1st.

☞ The number of lawyers in Texas is said to be 428.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER ARCTIC.

FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY-ONE SOULS ON BOARD.

Only Thirty-two known to be Saved.

The long and painful suspense of our community has at length been relieved by tidings of the splendid mail steamer Arctic.

She and an unknown British steamer had a collision on Wednesday, the 27th of September, off of Cape Race, the extreme eastern portion of New Foundland. The British steamer is supposed to be the Alps, an iron steamer, with a screw propeller, filled with troops from Canada, and destined for England.—The bows of the Arctic were split asunder, and the water rushed in with fearful rapidity. In an almost incredible short space of time the water had extinguished her fires, and she soon after sunk.

About three hundred of her passengers and crew perished. Only thirty-two are known to be saved. The majority of those saved are composed of the ship's company.

It is supposed the unknown steamer sunk also. She was filled with troops. The loss of life by this melancholy disaster will not fall short of five hundred souls.—*Pet. Express.*

Arrival of More Passengers.

LOSS OF THE COLLINS FAMILY AND OTHERS.

Messrs. C. F. Jackson, of Charleston, and Edward Dupasseur, of New Orleans, passengers by the Arctic, have reached Boston. They confirm the painful intelligence of the drowning of the family of Mr. E. K. Collins, the family and relatives of Mr. Brown, (six in number,) together with Captain Luce and fifty others who were on deck when the ship went down.

A large boat, too heavy for launching, was filled with passengers; but whether they were saved or not is unknown.

The Pennsylvania Election.

The returns from the State indicate the election of the following members of Congress, First district, Florence, democrat; second district, Tyson, whig; third district, Millward, whig; fourth district, Broome, whig and American; fifth district, Cadwalader, democrat; sixth district, Hickman, democrat; seventh district, Bradshaw, whig; eighth district, Jones, democrat; ninth district, Roberts, whig; tenth district, Kunkel, whig; eleventh district, doubtful; twelfth district, Fuller, whig; thirteenth district, Packer, democrat; fourteenth district, Grow, democrat; sixteenth district Todd, Know Nothing; seventeenth district Robinson, whig; eighteenth district, Covode, whig; twentieth district, Knight, whig; twenty-first district, Ritchie, whig; twenty-second district, Purviance, whig; twenty-third district, Allison, whig; twenty-fifth district, Dick, whig. The whigs have only nine members in the present Congress.

Pollock, whig, is elected Governor over Bigler, Democrat, by an immense majority.

Pollock's majority in the city of Philadelphia, for Governor, is 4,400. This is official.

Ohio Election.

The returns so far received indicate the election of the American Reform candidates on the State ticket, over the regular Democratic nominees by 50,000 majority.

The following are elected to Congress: 1st district Timothy C. Days, Whig; 2d J. S. Harrison, Whig; 3d L. D. Campbell, Whig; 8th Benj. Stanton, Whig. The Reform ticket has 7,000 majority in Hamilton county.

New York Politics.

Never, we suspect, in the history of any country, much less our own, did politics appear in such a tangled skein, and its waters run with more mixed, turbid, and heterogeneous compounds than in the great State of New York. Always a complex knot to unravel, now it is far worse than we have ever known it—made up of more different threads of opinion, and little conceits, than we imagined could be entertained at the same time in the brain of men.

Since the 12th of July there have been ten political organizations, which have each met in convention to nominate candidates, and the ball has not yet concluded, as several others are still to hold their sessions. Those that have taken place embrace Hard Democrats, Soft Democrats, Whigs, Fusionists, Free Democrats, Anti-Nebraskaites, Seceding Freesoilers, Independent Fusionists, Temperance men, and Liberty men. Those yet to come will include Anti-Slavery men, Fugitive Slave Rescuers, and Know Nothing.

As yet, however, there are but four Richmonds in the field for Governor, several of the conventions having centered on the same personage, viz: Myron H. Clark, Whig and Anti-Nebraska; Greene C. Bronson, Hard Shell Democrat; Horatio Seymour, (the present Governor,) Soft Shell or Freesoil Democrat; and Wm. Goodall, Liberty man. There are five candidates for Lieutenant Governor, and a still larger number for the other State offices.—*Southside Dem.*

The Southern Methodist Book Concern.

The Nashville Christian Advocate, speaking of the purchase of property in that city for the establishment of the "Publishing House of the Southern Church," says possession will be taken during the fall, in time to erect the machinery and presses, which have been contracted for, and to begin work early in January.

Railroad Connexion with Norfolk.

The Editor of the Tobacco Plant, in speaking of Railroad connexion with Norfolk, says:

In the mean time we are equally as zealous for the proposed extension of our Road to the Coal Mines of Rockingham, N. C. We cannot see how these two projects in any manner conflict. We feel assured, too, that if the people of the border counties of Carolina will set to work with proper energy and resolution—with anything like that determined spirit which characterized the originators of the Richmond and Danville Road—they, too, will inevitably succeed. In this present age of progress it is only necessary that one or two determined spirits should devote their energies to an enterprize in order to ensure its success. Obstacles, let them be never so numerous or formidable, should not be regarded. It is literarily true that by faith mountains can be removed. Whitmell Tunstall—that man to whose memory *Virginia*, rather than the citizens of a single county, should raise a monument—threw up the first spade of earth on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, amidst the scoffs and jeers of his friends and the world. Every discouragement met him as he progressed in his seemingly hopeless undertaking. Hosts of men, who ought to have cheered him on with approving words, and with what is a still stronger earnest of approbation, material aid made violent oppositions to his measures, or laughed at them as the phantasms of a disordered brain. But heedless of these numerous impediments—undaunted by the obstacles which towered up before him on every hand—with mind and heart fully bent upon his purpose, he labored on till he saw his own most sanguine hopes realized, and the lugubrious prophecies of his enemies or lukewarm friends falsified.

It is only necessary, then, we repeat, for the people of Person, Caswell, Rockingham and the other border counties of Carolina, to get earnestly to work in order to accomplish their much cherished projects of an extension of our Road.—And if there does exist at Leakesville as is stated, a bed of Anthracite Coal, fifteen miles in diameter of even moderate depth, the mind of men has not conceived of the vast results which would flow from the opening of communication between this bed and the Atlantic Cities. The friends of this improvement in Carolina may rest assured that the resolution of our Stockholders at their last meeting will be faithfully and cheerfully complied with. As soon as the citizens and State of North Carolina shall set to work to build a Road towards Clarkesville, the citizens of Norfolk and Clarkesville will show their readiness to meet them upon the State line.

We hope the State Internal Improvement Convention to be held in Norfolk on the 8th November, will take incipient step towards the building of one or the other of these improvements. Let the sentiment of this community be expressed on the subject.

Baltimore Elections.

The elections in Baltimore resulted in the success of the Know Nothing ticket. It appears that Mr. Samuel Hinks, has a majority of 2,741 votes over his opponent, Mr. William G. Thomas, which is a gain over the vote cast for Mr Hollins, for mayor, in 1852, of 6,425 votes—nearly reversing the majorities—under the influence of the recent political organization.

The result of the election for the City Council is in the first branch, Know Nothings 14; Democrat 6. In the second branch, Know Nothings 8. Democrats 2. Last year there was a democratic majority in both branches.

There was a good deal of excitement throughout the city, and some rioting; but nothing of a very serious nature occurred.

Large Yield of Corn.

We have received from Thomas J. Robinson, Esq., five stalks of Corn, with six well sized years of corn on them, containing altogether about three thousand grains, *all produced from one grain*. Mr. Robinson informs us, that from sixty grains of seed, obtained last spring from Messrs. Williams & Haywood of Raleigh, he has gathered two hundred and twenty-five good ears of corn. If any body can beat this, we should like to hear of it.

Mr. Robinson is a gentleman of liberal education, who, as soon as he left the College walls, entered zealously upon agricultural pursuits, which he is prosecuting with the more success because he adds scientific to practical knowledge,—"book learning" to experience. His address before the County Agricultural Society at its late anniversary, showed how deeply he is interested in his pursuit, and how rapidly he has advanced in knowledge and skill.—*Fay. Observer.*

Safety of the Iron Propeller.

We have dates from New Foundland to the 4th, which announces the arrival of the French screw steamer Vesta, at St. Johns, on the 3d inst., with her foremast and bows shattered to pieces, she being the vessel that came in collision with the Arctic. She picked up and brought into port 31 of the Arctic's crew.

The Vesta lost 13 of her passengers, supposed to be those who were run down by the Arctic in a small boat.

Three of the Arctic's boats have not yet been heard from, but being life boats, are supposed to have been picked up.—The vessels sent in search returned on on the 3d without success—not having found the slightest trace.

The Europa at Boston.

The steamship Europa arrived at Boston on the evening of the 12th, from Halifax, which place she left at 11, A. M., on the day previous.

It was reported that the attack upon Sebastopol had been fixed for the 25th September.

The Russian fleet had been reconnoitred in the port of Sebastopol by the French steamship Napoleon.

THE SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL.

It is confirmed that on the 13th September, Eupatoria was occupied without opposition by 2,000 Turks, 1,000 French, and 1,000 English troops. The Russian garrison, numbering 400, surrendered at discretion. The advance guard was under command of Prince Napoleon, On the 14th the main army landed unopposed, half way between Eupatoria and Sebastopol—horses, artillery, and amunition, all safely. The Russians retired in good order as the allies landed.

Menchikoff, who had his headquarters at Simpherpool, immediately advanced to Burluck, on the River Alma, where he awaits reinforcements to give battle to the allies.

Fifteen sail of the line were off Sebastopol.

Baron Hess, the Austrian General, arrived at Bucharest on the 23d September, and was received with distinction by Omer Pasha.

News of a battle was looked for in London every hour, and the public anxiety was intense.

The Paris Siecle says that Prince Meschikoff will await the attack of the allied troops in the entrenched camp which protects Sebastopol. Should the camp be taken, the town will be defenceless, and the old Prince will himself set fire to it, in fulfilment of the resolution announced in his proclamation. Having done this, he will assume the command of the fleet, and risk a naval batle—not with the hope of success, but in the expectation of a glorious disaster.

The viceroy of Egypt has given orders to dispatch 10,000 additional troops, with a corresponding force of artillery, to take part in the war in the East.

Raising the Salaries.

We see that the Raleigh Register, Standard, and Spirit of the Age, are all out in the latest numbers, against the present salaries that are to be given to the Governer, Members of the Legislature, &c., that they are insufficient. Members of the Legislature receive but three $3 per day, and after paying $2 for board, they have to dispose of the "thousand little *etcetera*," which are so incumbent upon the State officers. This is perhaps right enough, but when there are many of our members, whilst in the pursuits of their daily avocations at home, making, in the same length of time a remunerative sum, they ought to receive from the hands of the State Government a sufficiency to indemnify their losses whilst laboring for the good of the State.—"The laborer is worthy of his hire."

Banner.

☞ They are having a joke at the expense of the Know Nothings in New York. They say that Mr. Ullman their candidate for Governor was born in Germany, while his father was visiting there and consequently he is not eligible to their votes.

☞ The yellow fever is fast abating at Savannah and Charleston, and the cholera has entirely disappeared from Pittsburg.

☞ The Annual Fair of the Rowan Agricultural Society, will be held at Mineral Spring, near the residence of O. G. Foard, Esq., on the last Thursday of October. Luke Blacker, Esq., will deliver the annual address.

☞ C. L. Partee, Esq., has accepted the Whig nomination as a candidate for the Senate in the Rowan District. Chas. F. Fisher, Esq., is the Democratic candidate. Election 19th inst.

☞ Rev. J. M. Kirkpatrick, has assumed the Pastoral charge of the Presbyterian Church in this town, where on Sunday he addressed a large and attentive congregation in a most acceptabe manner.—*Danville Republican.*

☞ It appears that our own State is not the only one in need of additional banking capital, if we may judge from the fact that the Harrisburg, (Penn.,) papers contain notices of applications to be made to the next Legislature for thirty-three new banks in that State, covering a capital of nearly fifteen millions of dollars.—*Wilmington Herald.*

☞ It is believed in Boston that it was the Steamer Cleopatra which left Quebec on the 24th ult., with the 71st Regiment aboard, that ran into the Arctic. Such seems to be the general impression founded upon so reasonable probabilities.

☞ The jury in the case of Dr. Graham, tried for the murder of Mr. Loring at St. Nicholas Hotel, New York city have brought in a verdict of manslaughter in the second degree, and have assessed his punishment at not less than four or more than seven years in the State's Prison. An appeal has been taken for a stay of judgement for 20 days to enable his counsel to file a bill of exceptions to the verdict.

☞ L. Silliman Ives, late Bishop of this Diocese, is expected shortly to arrive in Philadelphia from Europe, and take up his residence there.

☞ The result of the Senatorial election in Charleston, in the choice of Mr. Mordecai by 900 plurality, has caused much surprise. He is reported to have been the choice of the Know Nothings.

Fair of the Caswell County Agricultural Society.

PREMIUMS AWARDED.

Best yield Indian corn per acre William Long $5
Best bread corn, Burell Corbitt 1
2d best do. Rainey Currie, diploma.
Best sample wheat, G. Garland 1
2d best do. Thomas Bigelow, dip.
Best sample rye, E. Graves, sr, 1
Best watermelon, George Smith dip.
Best winter squash, Thos. Hatchett dip.
Best pumpkin, J. Rainey Currie 1
2d best do. John A. Graves dip.
Best Colnant, Thomas Hatchett dip.
Best Oregon peas, T. W. Graves dip.
Best carrot and second best turnip A. Slade dip.
Best sample red pepper, Mrs. Oliver dip.
Best turnip, Allen Gunn, dip.
Best samples heaf oats, W. B. Bowe dip.
Best sample flour, Mitchell & Blackwell 5
2d best do. A. Miles dip.
Third do. William Russell dip.
Tallest tobacco stalk, 9 feet 9 in. Launcelott Johnston dip.
Tallest and best stalk of corn, M. Oliver dip.
Best specimen apples, G. W. Swepson 2
Best specimen cheese, W. Russel and R. I. Smith 3
Best specimen butter, Mrs. Mary C. Mebane 1
Best specimen Irish Potatoes, Mrs. John A. Graves 1
2d best do. Mrs. M. B. Roan dip.
Best beet, B. Lownds 1
Best sweet potatoes, J. Rainey Currie 1
2d do. Sidney S. Lea dip.
Best tomatoes, Mrs. Vaughan 1
Best pr. bacon hams Mrs. M. B. Roan 2
Best sample starch, Mrs. M. B. Roan 2
Best jar pickles, Mrs. M. Comer 2
Best specimen sweet meats, Miss A. E. Yancey 2
2d best do. Miss Sallie Hendrick 1
Best specimen blackberry wine, Mrs. T. D. Johnston 1
Best do. scuppernong wine, Miss A. E. Yancey 1
Best forest do. Miss A. E. Yancey 1
Best specimen jelly, N. Lea 1
2d best blackberry wine, Mrs. T. Lea 1
Best yellow tobacco, A. Slade 5
2d best coal cured do. T. Slade 2 50
Best sun cured do. A. Willis 5
2d do. Dr. J. E. Williamson 4 50
Two specimens of very fine sun cured tobacco ruled out, quantity too small, H. Harrison and James Gunn.
A specimen of fine flavored flue cured tobacco ruled out, quantity too small, Thomas D. Johnson.
Best specimen manufactured tobacco, W. and J. D. Long 5
21 do. Y. & E. P. Jones 3
Following premiums were awarded to C. H. Richmond, Esq.:
Peakskill 2 horse plows 2
Richmond one horse do. 2
Richmond subsoil do. 2
Tobacco press 2
Patent gate 5
Foot scraper, for door blocks, Master D. Richmond 50 cents.

The committee on agricultural implements have examined St. Clair's straw cutter, manufactured in Baltimore, and take pleasure in recommending it to the citizens of Caswell as superior to any straw cutter that has come under their observation, they likewise recommend Zimmer & Simmonson's churn, manufactured in Petersburg, Virginia.

Bed quilt, Miss Sallie Rainey 1
Do. Miss Betsey Gwyn 1
Silk quilt, N. Lea 1
Hearth rug, Mrs. Fowler 2
Unfinished quilt, Willie Anna Daniel 50 cents
White counterpane, Mrs. Mary H. Thompson 1
Silk quilt, Miss Mary J. Kerr 2
Bed quilt, Miss Edith Vernon 1 50
Do. fancy Mrs. John Kennon 1
Bed quilt, Miss Nancey Evans 1
Do. Mrs. Mary E. Pinnix 1
White quilt, Mrs. Calvin Graves 1 50
2 do. Mrs. Mary E Mebane 2 50
Bed quilt, Mrs. Mary I. Watlington 1 50
White quilt, Mrs. Ann L. Graves 1 25
Bed blanket, N. Lea 3
Bed quilt, Miss E. A Womack 5
Counterpane, Dr. J. E. Williamson 3
Best figu'd bed cover, Miss R. Parrish 3
White counterpane, Miss R. Parrish 1
2 colored bed covers, Miss J. Johnston 5
Colored bed cover, name unknown 3
Bed quilt, Miss Annise Lea 3
2 do. Miss Nancy Lea 3
White counterpane, Miss Judith Richmond 3
Bed quilt, Mrs. S. Seargeant 1 50
Do. Miss Sallie Richmond 2
2 quilts, Mrs J. Johnston 2
Hearth rug, Mrs. Littleton Gwyn 5
Bed quilt, Miss Isabella Lea 1
Colored bed cover, Mrs. H. Barton 2
Best wollen cloth, Mrs. M. Woods 3
Black wollen do. Mrs. Thaxton 1
Net valance, Miss Betsey Gwynn and Miss C. Smith 2
Colored bed cover, Mrs. E. Lea 2
Striped cloth, Miss Isabella Howard 2
Pair stockings, Miss Mary Graves 1
Carpet, Mrs. William L. Stamps 5
Colored bed cover, N. Lea 1 50
Do. do. Mrs. C. Hendricks 2 50
Do. do. Miss A. E. Yancey 1
Do. do. Mrs. Mildred Lyon 1
Do. do. Mrs. M. E Pinnix 2
Fancy quilt, Miss S. L. Richmond 2
Do. Mrs. Judith Richmond 1 50
Do. Nancy Foster 1 50
Do. Mrs. Sallie Wiley 1 50
Do. Mrs. E. D. Boley 1 50
Colored counterpane, Miss M. E. Read 1
Best stallion, N. Gooch 5
Brood mare, A Williamson 3
Saddle horse, Jas, Mebane 3
Colt over two years old, Jas. Murray 3
Mule colt P. H. Womack 3
Blooded bull, Wm. Russell 5
Best native bull, E. Graves, sen. 3
Full blooded milch cow and calf Wm. Russell 5
Best native cow and calf, Wm. Long 5
Best native calf under one year, Wm. Long 3
Best native milch cow, J. A Graves 3
Best two year old bull and heifer, Wm. Russell
Best bull and heifer under two years, Wm. Russell 5
Best yoke of oxen, Wm. Russell 5
Best boar, improved stock, Wm. Russell 5
Best pair of lambs, Dr. N. M. Roan 2
The best pair of horses, best harness horses, saddle horse, best pair of mules, and the best team of mules, were ruled out in consequence of their not being raised in the county. The best pair of horses owned by Geo. Williamson. The best harness horses owned by Calvin Graves. The saddle horse owned by Calvin Graves, all of which are entitled to a dip.
One side Skirding, Gunn & Bowe 1
One calf skin, Gunn & Bowe 1
Common black wax 1
One fancy saddle, bridle and martingals, John T. Hambrick 5
One fancy saddle, superior article but no bridle or martingals, P. A. Boley 3
One pair of fancy boots N. W. Lyon 2
One pair of plank road shoes, N. W. Lyon 5
One Rockaway, Wyatt Walker 3
One buggy, W. Walker 5
Wood work of a two horse waggon good and substantial, dip. Thos. Reid.
One horse waggon, Y. & E. P. Jones, dip.
One two horse waggon G. W. Swepson 5
Best pair of Ducks, Wm. Long. 1
Best pair Shanghai chickens, Thos. Valentine 2
Best pair of Cochin China. 2
Best pair of improved Stock; J. Vaughn 2

A. C. LINDSEY, *Secretary.*

☞James Holmes, of Nashville, was killed in that city on the 15th instant, in an affray with a Mr. John Long, of N. Carolina.

☞ Mr. N. Fennell has brought out one-third of the New Era establishment in Goldsboro', and will hereafter be the principal editor of that paper.

We wish Mr. Fennell much success. He is an old friend of ours.—*Ed.*

☞ Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Ex-Senator and Attorney General of the United States, sailed for Europe in the Pacific steamer on Saturday last, upon a visit of entirely professional business.

☞ The National Intelligencer is authorized to contradict the report that the Hon. John M. Clayton, of Delaware, had joined the Know Nothings.

MARRIED.

In Person county, by John W. Cunningham, Esq., on Wednesday evening last, Mr. WM. H. BAILEY, of Person county, N. C., to Miss MARY J. CARTER, daughter of Hon. Rich'd Carter, of Halifax county, Virginia.

FALL TRADE—1854.
E. B. HOLDEN

IS now receiving his large stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE & CUTLERY, consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods of all kinds; Plaid, Black, and Fancy Silks; Worsted Goods of every price and style. Also a large stock of

CALICOES.

Every kind of Cloths, Cassimers, and Vestings, Jeans, Sattinets, Twedes, &c. Also a large lot of Kerseys and Blankets.

An excellent assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS. Also on hand a large stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Also a well selected lot of Cast, German, and Blistered Steel. A very heavy lot of Sweeds, Roll, Round, Square, and Band Iron, all for sale by

E. B. HOLDEN.
October 5, 1854. oc 18–tf.

GEO. A. SMITH & CO.

ARE in receipt of their Fall and Winter Stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c., &c.,

all of which they are enabled to sell at unsually low prices. Purchasers are requested to call and examine the assortment.
Milton, October 10, 1854. oc 11–tf.

GREAT DEMAND

FOR Horses, Buggies, and Carriages! And what is the cause of all this? Why, let me tell you. Every body wants to be the *first* one to see the goods just opened at the Milton

CLOTHING EMPORIUM;

and I tell you goods they are; goods worth seeing; goods worth buying; and moreover it is the largest stock of Ready Made Clothing that ever was brought in this section of country. Every shelf, every counter, every drawer, and every corner is filled up with

CLOTHING.

You that can procure a horse and buggy, or a carriage, will do well to call as soon as possible, and you that can't get either of those conveniences walk it, and you will not regret the trouble.

BOY'S CLOTHING, a very good and well selected stock.

A few words more I have to say and then I am done. Don't buy before you have examined my stock, and by so doing you will oblige
Your most humble servant,
ISAAC ETTINGER.
September 27, 1854. oc 4–tf.

N. YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

FROM VISSCHER & SCHELL'S GEN'RAL ADV. HOUSE,
Appleton's Buildings, 346 and 348 Broadway.

FEVER AND AGUE.

DR. ED. BLEEKER'S

STAMPEDE MIXTURE.

FOR the Fever and Ague, Chagres Fever, Dyspepsia, and all Billious affections.

The proprietor of this medicine will state, without hesitation or fear of contradiction, that the STAMPEDE MIXTURE has cured more persons where it has been introduced, than any other medicine in use for the above diseases. This medicine has neither Arsenic or Quinine in its composition, all of the ingredients are of a perfectly healthy character, and highly stimulating and invigorating in their tendency. Persons while using this medicine will not be effected by exposure to water or a damp atmosphere no more than when in their usual health. Planters in section of the country where the Ague prevails, will do well to adopt this medicine, as the patient is not obliged to lay by while under treatment, and they may be assured of a speedy cure. The proprietor could introduce thousands of certificates from those of the highest respectibility, but prefers saying to the sick buy one bottle and you will have the infallibe proof in yourself. Full directions for its use accompany each bottle.

Certificates can be seen at the office, showing where this medicine has cured when all others have failed.

For Dyspepsia and all other Billious Complaints, there is not a better medicine in the market.

It has also taken with the most astonishing success in several cases of Rheumatism and Gout; for these complaints take a tablespoonful twice a day.

One Bottle of this Medicine very often has the desired effect. Price $1 per bottle.

For sale by Druggists in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

All wholesale orders must be addressed to MEAD & BLEECKER, sole Proprietors, 98 Broadway, New York.

Agents, P. F. PESCUND, Raleigh; SIMONS, RUFF & Co., Charleston. oc 4–1y.

AGENT FOR THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK.

THE advertiser is prepared to act as General Agent and Correspondent in New York, for business men and others in the interior. He will devote his whole time and attention to the purchase and sale of fancy and other goods, books, prints, machinery, manufacturers' and mechanics' stock and materials, philosophical apparatus, &c.; drugs, patent and other medicines, agricultural implements, seeds, stock, &c. Collections made and suits prosecuted. Information of all kinds furnished with regard to persons and places here. Situations procured and guarteed for clerks, mechanics, professional men, and others. Male and female employees engaged and sent to the country. Prssages secured to California, Australia, and Europe. In fine, any thing that an intelligent Agent, well acquainted with New York and its business men, can do for an absentee, will be executed faithfully and promptly. Communications confidential. Address, with fee adequate to the service,

A. E. BARTON,
118 *Malberry street, New York.*
September, 1854. sep 27–6t.

ROMANISM.

By Rev. Dr. CUMMING, of London.

Americans, will you read this masterly exposure of the

MYSTERIES OF ROME.

PRICE $1.

JOHN P. JEWETT AND CO., PUBLISHERS, BOSTON.

THE LAMPLIGHTER.

65,000 PUBLISHED.

THE MOST CHARMING OF AMERICAN ROMANCES.
John P. Jewett & Co., Publishers, Boston.

BUY DR. DADD'S
MODERN HORSE DOCTOR.

THE BEST WORK ON THE HORSE EVER PUBLISHED IN AMERICA.—PRICE $1 25.
John P. Jewett & Co., Publishers, Boston.

$250,000
RICHMOND & DANVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

ISSUED by authority of a resolution of the Stockholders of said company at a called meeting on the 13th of April, 1854, are offered for sale by either of the undersigned, on terms which cannot fail to be satisfactory to purchasers.

These Bonds are redeemable 1st August, 1859. The interest thereon will be paid at the office of the company in Richmond, on the 1st days of February and August, semi-annually.

The payment of both principal and interest is amply secured by a deed of trust upon the property and income of the company, by strict provisions which fully guard the rights and interests of the bond-holders. In addition to which, the Board of Directors have formally pledged themselves to set apart from time to time out of the resources of the company, such sums as will be necessary to provide for the due payment of the principal and interest.

Exclusive of the securities referred to, it may with confidence be said, that the present large and flattering business carried on upon this road, and the well known great productiveness of the rich and extensive region in and beyond the limits of the State, which look to this improvement as furnishing the only practicable means of getting its produce to the Richmond or other market, with certainty, on reasonable terms, afford a guarantee of its future prosperity, which it is fully appreciated by the public.

The company does not entertain a doubt, that with the aid of this loan, the entire road will be completed to Danville, its western terminus, by twelve months from this date.

The undersigned will take pleasure in giving any further information that may be desired in relation to the loan or to the road.

VINCENT WITCHER, *President.*
R. H. MAURY, } *Directors.*
J. BROWN, JR. }
Richmond, July 10, 1854. jy 26–3m.

ROWLAND & BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

ARE PREPARED AT ALL TIMES TO grant liberal advances in cash, on all consignments then *in hand.*

Having been long established, and with ample facilities and conveniences, confidently promise that any business entrusted to us will be attended to with punctuality and dispatch.
June, 1854. 11–1y.

GAZETTEER OF
N. CAROLINA.

THE undersigned is engaged, in conjunction with others, in the preparation of a Gazetteer of the State of North Carolina, and desiring to render the work as complete and satisfactory as possible, respectfully solicits the countenance and aid of the citizens of the State in furthering the undertaking. The miscellaneous character of the materials out of which a Gazetteer of the State must necessarily be constructed, suggests the importance of securing the co-operation of persons in every county who may be able to furnish such minute and local information as could be obtained from no common source. Relying upon the intelligence and public spirit of our citizens, the undersigned takes the liberty to request that persons in any part of the State will, at their earliest possible convenience, furnish him in detail as much information as they possess or can obtain on the following points, viz:

1. The names of the Post Offices in your County, and the distance and direction from the County Town.
2. The names of the Rivers and Creeks, giving the general direction in which they run, and where they empty.
3. The name and location of Mills, Factories, Founderies, &c., &c.
4. The Schools and Colleges, with the number of Teachers and Pupils.
5. The Churches, designating the denomination of each.
6. The character and productiveness of the Mines and Fisheries, and the principal article of export.
7. The number of Lawyers, Pysicians, Merchants, and other professional men.
8. The general character of the timber, and the soil in the different parts of the County.

To those who have so promptly responded to the above request, the subscriber returns his sincere thanks, and hopes that many others will communicate as much valuable information as they can collect, on all or any of the foregoing subjects of inquiry.

W. D. COOKE.
Raleigh, August, 1854. sep 13–tf.

"ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR FICTIONS OF THE PRESENT YEAR."
[*Philad. Evening Mail.*

Now Ready.

Third Edition of the Popular Virginia Story by a Lady of Richmond.

"ALONE."

BY MARION HARLAND.

In a handsome 12 mo. volume.—Price $1 25.
A. MORRIS, *Publisher,*
RICHMOND, VA.

WHAT THE CRITICS SAY:

There are many incidents interlaced with the plot, and the whole story is very prettily written. Miss Harland may henceforth take rank among the most successful female novelists of the United States.—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

From the first page to the last, we have read with increasing pleasure this charming narative of a life of mingled joy and sorrow, of trial and consolation, of sorrow and of peace. * * * The moral of the story is prominent and unexceptionable; beauty and truth have clasped hands in its recital.—*Free' News.*

We take especial pleasure in recommending this earnest, chastely written, and exceedingly judicious story as one among the brilliant gems that have recently made their appearance.

From its affectionate heart-speaking "Dedication to my Brother and Sister" to its close, the attention is rivited with intense and irresistible power.—*McMakin's Am. Courier. Philad.*

"ALONE"—Such is the simple and striking title of a new American story, possessing far more interest and exhibiting greater evidence of talent than any of our lady writers have brought out for many a day. It is a story of life in Virginia, the principal scenes being laid in Richmond, and alternating to the plantations of the heroine and her friends.

[*Godey's Lady's Book.*

It is written in a splendid style, and with no ordinary portraiture of character.

[*Presbyterian, Philadelphia.*

The author is undoubtedly a lady of uncommon ability, and a graceful and attractive writer.—*Boston Traveller.*

True genius, alone, for instance, could have conceived and executed the scene between Lucy and Ida. The book is full of humor, and bears marks of that true genius for whose sake much is excusable. We can point to no recent female work as containing finer passages than "Alone."—[*Boston Post.*

We hazard the opinion that "Alone" will be found quite as interesting as the last Northern novel.—*Baltimore American.* aug 30–tf.

ROBINSON'S PRACTICE, Vol. 1.

IN PRESS, AND WILL BE SPEEDILY PUBLISHED,

"*THE PRACTICE IN COURTS OF JUSTICE IN ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES,*"

By CONWAY ROBINSON, Esq.

VOL. 1 as to the place and time of a transaction or proceeding, treating chiefly of the conflict of Laws, and the Statute of limitions. Also at Press,

2d Edition of Lomax's Digest.

Digest of the Laws of Real Property, generally adopted and in use in the United States; by John Taylor Lomax, LL.D., one of the Judges of the General Court of Virginia, and formerly Professor of Law of the University of Virginia.

Second Edition, in 3 vols., Royal 8vo., greatly enlarged and improved.

The new Code of Virginia has been embodied in this edition, and reference made to all the reported cases decided in the Supreme Court of Virginia since 1835 to the 9th and last volume of Grattan's Reports inclusive, as well as additional matter taken from recent English and American authorities, rendering this edition one of the most, if not the most valuable compendium of purely American Law, upon the subject of "Real Property," ever issued in this country. So far as regards Virginia, this edition will be found to present her entire system of Real Property Law, or all of it which is usually brought to the consideration of the Student, and of the Bar, and of the Bench.

A. MORRIS,
Law Bookseller and Publisher,
oc 11–tf. *Main street, Richmond.*

LEGISLATIVE NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the ensuing session of the General Assembly of N. Carolina, for the passage of an act to amend the charter of the Caswell Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Application will also be made for the passage of an act reenacting the act of 1849–'50, incorporating a company to build a Toll Bridge across the Dan River, at or near the town of Milton.
Milton, September 27, 1854. sep 27–4t.

BURNING FLUID, AND FLUID LAMPS.—A large lot on hand, and for sale, at the Drug Store of JAMES M. ALLEN.
February 1, 1854. 42–tf.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.

OPEN TO ROANOKE, 90 MILES.

THE regular Passenger Train will run daily, (Sundays excepted) between Richmond and Roanoke.

The train will stop for passengers at the following points only: Manchester, Robiou's, Coal Fields, Tomahawk, Powhatan, Mattoax, Chula, Amelia C. H., Wyanoke, Jenning's Ordinary, Kaytokah, Liberty Church, Meherrin, Keysville, Drake's Branch, Overby's, & Roanoke.

Leave Richmond at 6½ o'clock, A. M. Returning leave Overby's at 12.40 o'clock, P. M.

Children over 10 and under 15 years of age, half price.

Servants travelling by themselves must be furnished with two passes, so that one can be retained in the office; and it must be expressly stated on the pass that they are permitted to go on the cars.

Passengers for Clarkesville, can meet Messrs. Moss & Co's coaches at Overby's on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Through to Clarkesville $5 00

A. TALCOTT,
aug 16–tf. Chief Engineer and Sup't.

WHOLESALE GROCERY
AND COMMISSION BUSINESS,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

WILLIAM S. CAMP, (who has conducted business in this city for several years past, under the name of Butler and Camp) and Stephen Bonsal, have formed a co-partnership, and will prosecute the Wholesale Grocey Business in all its branches, under the name and style of

CAMP & BONSAL.

They will at all times offer to buyers a large and varied stock of Groceries which will be sold at prices as low as they can be purchased in other markets.

Country Produce will be received on consignment, and account sales and returns promptly made.

Sales of Flour will be strictly attended to, and from the long experience of the senior partner in the sale of that article, they flatter themselves in being able to give entire satisfaction.

Advances made on consignments, and all sales cashed when made on time.

Agents for Dupont's Powder, which will be sold at manufacturer's prices.
July, 1854. aug 9–3m.

IMPROVED GATE.

Opening and closing without alighting from

CARRIAGES.

THE subscriber has one of these Gates in operation at his residence near Milton, which the public are invited to examine for themselves.

For simplicity, convenience, durability, and safety it stands unrivalled.

The cost over an ordinary gate is trifling, the fixtures being applicable to most swing Gates already made, and it effectually dispenses with the trouble of getting out of the carriage, and leaving the horse, to open and close Gates.

He is ready to dispose of plantation rights, and all the fixtures of said Gates, having, in connexion with Dr. T. P. Atkinson, (to whom application may also be made) purchased the entire right of making, using, and vending said Gate fixtures in Caswell county.

Persons owning the right in said Gate for other counties, can procure the castings and fixtures of the subscriber upon reasonable terms.

C. H. RICHMOND.
Milton, July, 1854. aug 2–tf.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.

ON and after 3d July, Passenger Train will leave the Depot at Raleigh at half past six, A. M., stop thirty-five minutes at Franklinton, and reach Weldon at half past eleven, in time for Passengers to take the Wilmington Train going South, and the Petersburg and Portsmouth trains going North.

Returning, it will leave Weldon at two, P. M., after the arrival of the Train from Wilmington, and reach Raleigh at half past six, P. M.

Office Raleigh and Gaston R. R. Co., June 29, 1854. } aug 2–tf.

GREEN AND BLACK TEA of superior quality just received and for sale by
jy 12–tf. GEO. A. SMITH & CO.

WOOL CARDING.

MY MACHINES FOR CARDING WOOL having undergone thorough repair, are now in order to do good work. Those who favor me with their custom, may rely upon having their work done well, as my machines are in good order, and my carders are experienced hands.

WOOL

should be well cleased of briars and other hard substances. Seven cets for carding, eight for carding and oiling.

JAMES D. NEWSOM.
Milton, June 13, 1854. 11–tf.

A NEW MAP OF
NORTH CAROLINA.

THE undersigned are preparing, and will publish as soon as the necessary surveys, &c., can be obtained, a new, large, and complete Map of North Carolina, five feet by three, well engraved, and finished in the best style.

It is admitted on all sides, that such a work is a great desideratum in our State, and it is in consequence of the frequent inquiries on this subject, that the undersigned have embarked in the enterprise.

The only attempted work of this kind is that of McRea, published in 1833; and since then the Counties, Towns, Roads, and Post Offices have increased in number, and all our works of Internal Improvements, with small exceptions, been set on foot.

It is intended that the New Map, now proposed to be published, shall contain, accurately laid down, all the natural features of the State—the Inlets, Harbors, Sounds, Lakes, Rivers, Creeks, Mountains, &c.

Also, the public improvements and artificial divisions. The Railroads, plank roads, Counties, County Towns, Post Offices, Cities, Villages, Post Roads, and Canals, Colleges, Academies, &c., &c.

The Map will be ready by the summer of 1855.

WILLIAM D. COOKE,
SAMUEL PEARCE.

TERMS.

In best style, gilt rollers, and first impressions - - - - - $10 00
In plain style, black rollers - - 6 00

Information from any source, and which may be of service in making the above work, will be thankfully received. All communications should be addressed to

WM. D. COOKE.
Raleigh, August, 1854. sep 13–tf.

The Markets.

Report of the Norfolk Market.

BY ROWLAND & BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

NORFOLK, October 13, 1854.

BACON—Western Sides,	8½ @ 8¾
" " Shoulders,	7¼ @ 7½
COFFEE—Laguira,	11½ @ 12½
Rio,	11 @ 11½
GUANO—(Peruvian)	$48
LIME—Thomaston,	1 25
SALT—Liverpool, (fine)	1 85 @ 1 90
Ground Alum	1 40
FLOUR—Superfine,	@ 8½
Extra,	@ 8¾

REMARKS.—Flour, owing to small receipts, has improved, and is in good demand at our quotations.

Richmond Market.

RICHMOND, October 12, 1854.

BACON—Western Sides	8½ @ 8¾
Shoulders	7½
BUTTER—Prime country	14 @ 17
CORN	85
COFFEE—Rio	11½ @ 12
Laguyra	11½ @ 11¾
FLOUR—Superfine	$9
Extra	$9½
Family	$10
SUGAR—New Orleans	5½ @ 6¾
Refined Loaf	9¾ @ 10
WHEAT—Red	$1 50 @ 1 55
White	$1 50 @ 1 56

FRESH SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

QUARLES & BROOKE,
No. 15, PEARL STREET, RICHMOND, VA.,

RESPECTFULLY beg leave to announce to the public that they have received one of the largest stocks of SPRING GOODS ever opened in this market. They now offer for sale on the most accommodating terms, a complete assortment of everything in the Shoe, Hat, and Bonnet line, an enumeration of which would be too tedious for an advertisement. Merchants visiting the city will please give us a call, as we are determined to sell on as good terms as any house in this or any other market. 48–tf

LOOK AT THIS.

IF you want **FIRST RATE CARRIAGES,** which will not only render good service, but be also neat, call on the subscriber living six miles north of Hillsborough. He has been carrying on the business for the last sixteen months, and his work has proved to be first rate. He is determined that his work shall contine to be executed in the best manner, fully equal to any in that section of country, and at prices to suit purchasers. Persons wanting Carriages can send their orders through the Post Office at Hillsborough, and they will be promptly attended to. All kinds of Repairs will be done in good order and on moderate terms.

☞ The subscriber has purchased the right for Orange County in a PATENT BRAKE for all kinds of Carriages—to which he invites the attention of the public.

☞ The subscriber's **Wool Carding Machines** are in good order, and are doing the very best quality of work. Prices as heretofore: Eight cents for white; Twelve and a half cents for mixed; or one fifth part of the wool.

LEMUEL WILKERSON.
Orange Co. N. C. June, 28. No. 13—tf

COMMON SCHOOLS.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF SUPERINTENDENTS COMMON SCHOOLS FOR CAWSELL COUNTY, January 2, 1854.

THOSE interested are hereby informed that since the first of October last or the time of the notice given by the former Chairman of the Board of the amount of funds on hand belong to each School District in the County of Caswell, a dividend has been received from the tax levied by the County, which gives nineteen dollars and forty-seven cents to each District and also the Fail Dividend from the Literary Fund of the State, which gives twenty-eight dollars and eighty four cents to each district. The Milton District in consequence of the number of pupils receives double the aforesaid amount.

The Committee on giving orders to teachers will see that the report of the number of scholars taught, length of time, &c., accompanies the order.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER, Ch'm.
January 10, 1854. 40–tf.

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS.

AND BAPTIST PUBLICATIONS.

A SUPPLY of Sunday School Library and Instruction Books, are on hand, some of which have been recently received, may be had of Mr. A. G. Stevers, Agent of the Beulah Bible and Publication Society at his Store on Main Street, Milton, N. C. They will be sold at a small advance on first cost so as to cover expenses.

Also, on hand at the same place a supply of Hymn Books, such as are used in the Baptist Church in Milton.
Milton, March 29. 50–tf.

UNION HOTEL,

CLARKSVILLE, VIRGINIA.

THIS Hotel is situated on Main street, convenient to the business part of the town. The proprietors have recently erected, upon their premises, a large and commodious brick building, containing eleven comfortable rooms, which, with the old buildings, will enable them to furnish good accommodations for any number of visitors.

Determined to minister to the comfort of their guests by every means in their power, they respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

FINCH & BOYD, Proprietors.
February 1, 1854. 42–1y

NOTICE.

TAKEN up by Robert Harris, five miles North of Roxboro N. C. one bay colt, about four years old four feet nine inches high and entered on the Stray book of Person county, N. Carolina.

J. H. JONES. *Ranger.*
Person C., May, 24, 1854 8—tf.

JEWELRY.

THE subscriber has a beautiful assortment of Jewelry in store, consisting of the following articles, viz:

Watches, Chains, Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Lockets, Cuff Pins, Bracelette, Watch Keys, &c., just to hand, and for sale, by JAMES M. ALLEN.
February 1, 1854. 42 tf.

Poetry.

A Mother's Love.

A Mother's love, the faceless light
That glimmers o'er our weary way,
A star amid the clouds of night,
An ever burning quenchless ray.
A guarding power through good and ill,
Where'er the truant footsteps rove,
A ceaseless, flowing, sparkling rill,
A fount of hope, a Mother's love.

A Mother's love, it whispers first,
Above the cradled infant's head,
And when those human blossoms burst,
Her bosom's still the flowret's bed.
When their bright summer day has past,
And autumn clouds hang dark above,
It lingers round us to the last,
That dearest boon, a Mother's love.

And yet how oft our footsteps roam,
Thro' pleasure's bright, alluring maze,
Forgetful of the ties of home,
And all the joys of earlier days.
But, there's a charm to lure them back,
And like the weary, wandering dove,
The heart retreads its childhood's track,
To that one ark, a Mothers love.

Humorous.

Cool yet Accommodating.

A man by the name of Bahr in Sebastian county was lately in very peculiar circumstances. Whilst absent from home, a vagabond by the name of Rose made the acquaintanc of his family, and actually so far transcended the bounds of propriety as to induce Mrs. Bahr to run away from her husband and co-habit with him. Accordingly he yoked Mr. Bahr's oxen, loaded the cart with the effects about the house, placed Mrs. Bahr and her two children on top of them, and was just about to cry out "git up Berry," when Bahr made his appearance. He had already heard of his wife's unfaithfulness, and came up weeping.

"Oh, Polly Jane, Polly Jane, are you going to leave me, and take away Bob and Sarinda?"

Mrs. Bahr answered not a word, but the attention of Rose was drawn to the lamentation.

"What's the matter, Mr. Bahr?" said Rose.

"Polly and the children is going to be separated from me responded Bahr.

"No need of that," Mr. Bahr, "no need of that. Come and go along with us; in fact, we need you to pack water and chop wood. Cheer up and come along. Don't look at the dark side of life. you'll have a first rate time of it.—Git up Berry!"

Fayetteville (Ark.) Independent.

Things we Should Like to Know.

Is "prepared barley" likely to be taken by surprise? If an argument is carried on "on the one hand," what is carried off with the other? When a tailor makes up his mind, what does he do with the remnants? What sort of inclfers does a man use to make light of his troubles?

Poor Wretches!

Bakers it must be confessed, are a very unfortunate race of men; for no matter how full their shop may be of loaves, they always knead bread.

☞ The Toledo Blade tells a good story of a Mrs. Mullane, who was taken with the cholera and died in six hours; leaving an empty whiskey bottle at the head of her bed. Her relatives and particular friends had a "wake" over the body. Matters went on very well; but at midnight, when the fun grew fast and ferocious, suddenly there came tapping as of some one loudly rapping, rapping inside the coffin lid. Then the hairs of each individual stuck out as stiff as wires. The watchers were breathless; but the voice of the dead broke out, shrill and angrily; "Pat! ye baste! git over t' yer own side of the bed! There's niver a bit iv room for me atwixt ye an' the wall! Pat looked solemn; and the wife raised up in the coffin, and was somewhat shocked on discovering what a bad box she had got into. She still lives to teach her husband better manners than "to bury a dacint woman with her sins all in her body."

☞ A traveler stopped at a tavern, and was much taken with the landlady, a neat pretty and an agreeable quakerness. When about to depart, he declared he would not go without a kiss. The pretty quakeress blushed, as she replied with great circumspection, 'friend thee must not do so imprudent a thing.' 'By heavens I will' exclaimed the traveler. 'Well as thee has sworn, I will not be the cause of thy breaking thine oath,' naively answered the lovely landlady, but thee must not make a practice of it!'

☞ Aunt Ploddpoddy went to the circus, and read on her bill that Madame Marie would go through her feats in the ring, when she wonderingly exclaimed: "Well, she may go through those paper covered hoops they call balloons, and over those long strings which they call garters, but as to going through her feet, that I wouldn't believe if I saw it, and that in a ring, too! No, no! indeed she can't!"

☞ "All flesh is grass," saith the philosopher; but it would be rather difficult, we imagine, to persuade a man dining off a pennyworth of watercresses, that it is tantamount to having a fine leg of mutton.—*Punchinello.*

SMITH & ROBERTS,

Importers of Hardware, Cutlery, Guns & Saddlery,

HAVE removed to their new and commodious Ware-house, No. 22 Iron Buildings, Pearl street, Richmond, Va., and are now in receipt of their Spring Stock of **Hardware** and **Saddlery**, embracing an entire new stock of Coach Hardware and Trimmings.

Having made extensive and advantageous arrangements with Foreign and Domestic Manufacturers for supplies of goods, suitable to the demands of the trade, we respectfully solicit an examination of our assortment and prices,

The Virginia, Tennessee, and North Carolina Trade, visiting market, would do well to call on us, with the assurance of finding both goods and prices to compare favorably with any of the Northern cities, and it will afford us great pleasure to exhibit the same to any who may favor us with a call.

Our stock consists in part of:

3,000	dozen	Pen and Pocket Knives,
2,500	"	Buck, Bone, Ebony & Ivory Knives and Forks
500	"	"Rodgers'" "Wostenholm's," and Butcher's Razors
2,000	"	Shears and Scissors
2,000	"	Knob Stock, Pad & Closset Locks
1,800	"	Till, Chest, Cup'd & Trunk Locks
1,000	"	Knob and Thumb Latches & Bolts
800	"	"Virginia," "Collins" and "Simmons" Axes
500	"	Bench, Shingling and Lathing Hatchets and Hammers
300	"	"Ames," "Rowland's," and other Spades and Shovels
200	"	2, 3 and 4 prong Forks
200	Grs.	Brittania, Plated, Iron, Tea and Table Spoons
200	tons	Cast, Shear and Blister Steel
200	kegs	"Barden's" Patent Horse Shoes
5,000	lbs.	"Griffin's" Horse Shoe Nails
3,000	doz.	Hand, Mill and Smith's Files & Rasps
5,000	gro.	Wood Screws
2,000,000		Eng. Amer. and G. D. Percussion Caps
2,00		Pair Trace Chains and Stage Traces
1,500		Log, Ox, Fifth, Back, Breast and Hatter Chains
6,000	lbs.	Galvanized Pump Chain
		Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns
		Rifle, Rifle Barrels, Locks and Mountings
		Circular Saws from 6 to 60 Inches
		Mill, Pit, Cross Cut, Hand and Tenon Saws
		Anvils, Vices, Bellows
		Sledge, Hand, and Shoeing Hammers
		Stocks and Dies, Screw Plates, Augers, Chisels
		Brace and Bits, Planes and Plane Irons
		'Waldron's,' and Patent Grass & Grain Scythes
		Sneaths, Horse and Mule Collars
		Bridles and Bridle Fillings
		Halters, Webb Reins, Girths, Saddles, Bridle Bitts
		Stirrup Irons, Spurs, Buckles, and Sadlery Hardware generally
		Hog Skins, Pat, and Enamelled Leather
		Sheep Skins, Enamelled Cloth, Canvass and Duck
		Oil Carpet, Coach Laces
		Iron Axles, 1¼ to 8 inches.
		Bright and Black Springs, Coach and Plough Bolts
		Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts, and Coach Maker's materials generally
		"Anchor" Boiling Cloth.

With every other article usually kept in a well selected stock of Hardware.

March 1. 46-tf.

CARIAGE MAKING BUSINESS.

FRIENDS and fellow-citizens, all of you who wish to purchase Carriages of any kind, or wish work of any kind done in that line are respectfully invited to give me a call. I have supplied myself with the very best materials that can be had in this section of country. I have in my employ men of experience, who are capable of executing work in a superior style. With an experience of fifteen years steady employment at the business I have no fears of my work being excelled in neatness, or durability of construction. I am determined to sell as good bargains as can be bought in the State. All communications, directed to Cedar Grove. CHARLES W. WYNN.

Cedar Grove, Orange County, N. C.
February 1, 1854. } 42-tf.

SOMERVILLE FEMALE INSTITUTE, LEASBURG, N. C.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the first Wednesday in July 1853. The course of studies is extensive and thorough. Special attention is paid to the Elementary Branches, such as Spelling, Reading, Writing, Grammar and Arithmetic. The Apparatus is sufficient to illustrate the most important experiments in the Sciences. The Institution has been in successful operation for a number of years, and it may be regarded as completely and permanently established The various departments are filled with competent and experienced Teachers.

Rates per Session of Five Months.

Tuition in English according to advancement, from	$10 to $15
Tuition in Music on the Piano with Singing,	$20
The Ancient and Modern Languages each,	$5
Board including lights, fuel and Washing per month.	$7

☞ Charge is made from the time of entrance.

SOLOMON LEA

june 14, '53. 14-tf.

John Dooley,

81 Main Street, Richmond Va.

DEALER IN

HATS, CAPS, FURS,

AND

HATTERS MATERIALS, &c.

THE subscriber is now receiving his Fall Supply, of the above goods, and solicits the attention of the Trade, and Merchants of North Carolina.

Being extensively engaged in Manufacturing, and Importing his own materials, he is prepared to furnish merchants with every variety of goods in his line of business, on terms, as liberal as they can be purchased *anywhere in the Union.* He respectfully solicits a call from those in want of Hats, Caps, &c, of *any description.* JOHN DOOLEY.

August 30. 23-

S. H. JETER. E. M. LEFTWICH.

JETER & LEFTWICH, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, will give their prompt and personal attention to the sale of WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR and TOBACCO.

REFERENCES.—J. B. Stovall, Halifax; Wyatt Cardwell, Charlotte; J. H. Wilson, Prince Edward; G. W. Hardy, Lunenburg; Francis Dyson, Nottoway; Dr. Wm. T. Webster, Amelia.

may 31. 9-

NEW YORK MUSICAL

Review and Choral Advocate.

IS the cheapest and best Musical Paper in the world. This Journal (which has heretofore been published monthly) commences its fifth year in January next, and thence-forward it will be published every two weeks—on every Thursday; thereby giving more than twice as much matter without any increase in price. Each number contains sixteen quarto pages, four of which are new music, consisting of glees, hymn tunes, chants, anthems, dedication and holiday pieces, and, in short, every variety of music adapted to purposes of religious worship, to public occasions, and to the home circle; all of which will be of a practical character and such as can be sung by persons of ordinary musical attainments. In the Editorial department of the Review are engaged (in addition to Mr. Cady, the former editor) gentlemen of the highest talent and ripest musical experience, among whom are, George F. Root, Wm. B. Bradbury, Thomas Hastings, and Lowell Mason; and its circle of correspondence, home and foreign, is complete. The music alone in a volume would cost over five dollars in the usual form. Beside this, there will be an immense amount of musical news, essays, criticism, instruction, &c. &c., ALL FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR! Every one feeling a particle of interest in the cause of music will surely subscribe. The Review will also be a regular medium for the announcement of new musical publications by all the leading publishing houses in the Union. The subscription list of this paper is now larger than that of any similar journal in the world, and the arrangements, rendering it the cheapest as well as (it is hoped) the most valuable musical paper ever published, must largely increase its already unparalleled circulation.

TERMS:—One dollar per annum, or six copies for five dollars, always in advance.

Specimen numbers sent on receipt of two letter postage stamps. Address, (always postpaid) MASON BROTHERS,

29 Park Row, New-York.

Feb. 1 1854. 42-tf.

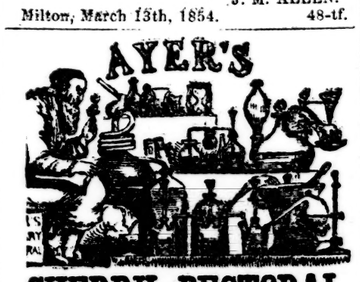
PIANOES.

THE undersigned has just received a lot of fine PIANOES, which will be sold at Manufacturer's prices, and warranted to give satisfaction. Those wanting a good instrument would do well to examine them before going or sending North.

Call at the Drug Store of

J. M. ALLEN.

Milton, March 13th, 1854. 48-tf.



CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

MANY years of trial, instead of impairing the public confidence in this medicine, has won for it an appreciation and notoriety by far exceeding the most sanguine expectations of its friends. Nothing but its intrinsic virtues and the unmistakable benefit conferred on thousands of sufferers, could originate and maintain the reputation it enjoys. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community, have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

While it is a fraud on the public to pretend that any one medicine will infallibly cure—still there is abundant proof that the Cherry Pectoral does not only as a general thing, but almost invariably cure the maladies for which it is employed.

As time makes these facts wider and better known, this medicine has gradually become the best reliance of the afflicted, from the log cabin of the American Peasant, to the palaces of European Kings. Throughout this entire country, in every State, city, and indeed almost every hamlet it contains, Cherry Pectoral is known as the best remedy extant for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, and in many foreign countries, it is coming to be extensively uses by their most intelligent Physicians. In Great Britain, France and Germany, where the medical sciences have reached their highest perfection, Cherry Pectoral is introduced, and in constant use in the Armies, Hospitals, Alms Houses, Public Institutions, and in domestic practice, as the surest remedy their attending Physicians can employ for the more dangerous affections of the lungs. Also in milder cases, and for children it is safe, pleasant and effectual to cure. In fact, some of the most flattering testimonials we receive have been from parents who have found it efficacious in cases particularly incidental to childhood.

The Cherry Pectoral is manufactured by a practical Chemist, and every ounce of it under his own eye, with invariable accuracy and care It is sealed and protected by law from counterfeits, consequently can be relied on as genuine, without adulteration.

We have endeavored here to furnish the community with a medicine of such intrinsic superiority and worth as should commend itself to their confidence—a remedy at once safe, speedy, and effectual, which this has by repeated and counless trials proved itself to be; and trust by great care in preparing it with chemical accurary, of uniform strength to afford Physicians a new agent on which they can rely for the best results, and the afflicted with a remedy that will do for them all that medicine can do. Prepared and sold by

James C. Ayer,

Practical and Analytical Chemist,

LOWELL, MASS.

☞ Sold in Yanceyville, by A. M'Alpin; in Milton, by J. M. Allen; in Danville, by J. R. Callum & Co.; and H. A. Holcomb; and by dealers in medicine generally.

Fb. 15, '54. 44—tf.

BOOTS & SHOES.

WE are now in receipt of our full supply of J. Miles & Sons. **Boots and Shoes** of various styles and best qualities.

GEO. A. SMITH, & CO.

may 31. 9-

CANDY.

STEWARTS Candies, kept constantly on hand at he Drug Store of

JAMES M. ALLEN.

February 1, 1854. 42-tf.

NOTICE.

WHITE & Colored Canton Matting & Hemp Carpeting on hand & for sale low by G. A. SMITH & Co.

May, 10. 6-

AMERICAN BAPTIST MEMORIAL.

THE Memorial will be published in Philadelphia, on the first day of every month It is designed to furnish brief historical sketches; biographical notices; short and clear discussions of questions of church polity, discipline, and doctrine; essays and illustrations enforcing practical and experimental piety; articles and engravings relating to church architecture; carefully collected and collated statistics; facts relating to the operations and progress of the churches, benevolent organizations, and educational institutions; notices of books—in a word, such matter as a pious and intelligent Baptist would wish to read and preserve in a permanent form.

It will make an annual volume of 400 pages, of such material as will be permanently useful and instructive. It will be the aim of its conductors to make it a Baptist Magazine for the whole country.

TERMS:—One Dollar a Year in Advance.

Postage.—A half cent per number, or six cents a year.

Agents.—Any persons disposed to act as Agents for obtaining subscribers to the Memorial, will be allowed a liberal compensation upon furnishing satisfactory evidences as to character and qualifications.

Letters, Exchanges, etc., may be addressed simply, "American Baptist Memorial," Philadelphia.

Books or Parcels, of any kind, sent otherwise than by mail, may be directed, No. 181 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Portrait of Rev. J. G. Oncken.

THE APOSTLE TO THE GERMANS.

The March number of the "Memorial" for all subscribers, old and new, will be embellished with a splendid mezzotint portrait of Rev. J. G. Oncken, with a sketch of his life and labors. This single engraving will be worth at least half the cost of a year's subscription.

WILLIS'S MUSICAL WORLD.

A NEW volume of this widely-circulated Family Music-Paper will commence on the 7th of January 1854. All members of the family are caredfor—children—brothers and sisters—maidens and young men—papa and mama (who ought never to give up the music). Fresh music is furnished every week; amounting in the course of the year, to what could not be purchased for fifteen or twenty dollars: comprising,

Pages for Little Fingers—Ballads—Duetts—Quartetts—Polkas—Waltzes—Music for the Guitar, Flute, Violin; also, Sacred Music, as Organ and Melodeon pieces, and Music for the Sabbath

Besides this the paper comprises the following things:

1st. Entertaining Reading, of a musical and general character: comprising stories; Biographies; Articles on Art; Translations from the German and French; every thing that can afford an hour or two's agreeable reading.

2nd. A Critical Assortment of the Sheet-Music Published; by which the purchaser will know what to buy and what to reject.

3d. The Most Reliable and Truthful Criticisms; of Artists; Musical Books, and Musical Performances; by which every one may form correct opinions as to Art and Artists.

4th. Musical News from Everywhere; condensed into a small space, giving a general view of all that is going on in the world.

5th. Business Information on Musical Affairs: This is of great importance. Does any one wish to know where to obtain an instrument, or book, or pieces of music of any kind, what it costs and how to get it? This he will be able to ascertain in the pages of Willis's Musical World; if he be a subscriber we will willingly aid him in securing his object. A great saving of time, annoyance and expense, can in this way be secured to our subscribing friends.

The subscription price of the Musical World is $3; two copies, $5; five copies, $10. Any person sending us a club of five subscribers, will receive an extra copy for his trouble. To every new subscriber we give, gratuitously, a steel engraving of the composer Wm. Vincent Wallace, worth in itself $5 a copy.

We have fraternized with the Home Journal, and are now prepared to furnish both of these best-of-their-kind papers, each of which so admirably completes the other, for THREE DOLLARS. This does not include the engraving.

P. K. DEYO, PUBLISHER,
257 Broadway, New York.

MECHANICS, INVENTORS, AND MANUFACTURERS.

$570. IN CASH PRIZES. $570.

VOLUME TEN OF THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

COMMENCES on the 16th of September. It is chiefly devoted to the advancement of the interests of Mechanics, Inventors, Manufacturers, and Farmers, and is edited by men practically skilled in the arts and sciences.—Probably no other journal of the same character is so extensively circulated, or so generally esteemed for its practical ability. Nearly all the valuable Patents which issue weekly from the Patent Office are illustrated with engravings, and the claims of all the Patents are published regularly in its columns as they are issued, thus making it a perfect Scientific and Mechanical Encyclopedia of information upon the subjects of Mechanical Improvements, Chemistry, Engineering, and the Sciences generally. It is published weekly in quarto form suitable for binding, and each volume contains four hundred and sixteen pages of Reading Matter, several hundred Engravings, with a full and complete index. Its circulation on the last volume exceeded 23,000 copies per week, and the practical receipts in one volume are worth to any family much more than the subscription price.

The following cash Prizes are offered by the Publishers for the fourteen largest lists of subscribers sent in by the 1st of January, 1855: $100 will be given for the largest list; $75 for the second; $65 for the third; $55 for the fourth; $50 for the fifth; $45 for the sixth; $40 for the seventh; $35 for the eighth; $30 for the ninth; $25 for the tenth; $20 for the eleventh; $15 for the twelfth; $10 for the thirteenth; and $5 for the fourteenth. The cash will be paid to the order of the successful competitor immediately after the 1st of January, 1855.

TERMS.—One copy one year $2; one copy six months $1; five copies six months $4; ten copies six months $8; ten copies twelve months $15; fifteen copies twelve months $22; twenty copies twelve months $28 in advance.

No number of subscriptions above twenty can be taken at less than $1 40 each. Names can be sent in at different times and from different post offices.

Southern and Western money taken for subscriptions.

Letters should be directed, post paid, to

MUNN & CO.,
128 *Fulton street, New York.*

Messrs. Munn & Co are extensively engaged in procuring patents for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvements.

August, 1854. aug 30-tf.

HORSE BILLS, neatly printed at the office of the Milton Spectator.

Clear the Path for the Conqueror

GRAHAM'S WEEKLY PAPER.

Some things can be done as well as others.—*Sam Patch.*

Some things can be done better than others.—*Graham.*

On the 17th of December will be issued one of the handsomest Family Newspapers that has ever come from the American Press, entitled The

SATURDAY EVENING MAIL.

A Splendid Quarto Paper, purposely for Binding—8 pages each, 17½ inches by 23. Full size of sheet when open 33 inches by 46 inches.

30,000 Copies of the First No.

The basis upon which "*The Saturday Evening Mail*" is started, is the list of "*Neal's Saturday Gazette*," and also, the list of "*Goodman's Family Friend*," thus, at the start, we shall have a list of over 20,000 subscribers, and shall print of the First Number, 30,000 copies. This Journal will be Edited by

GEORGE R. GRAHAM,

The well known Editor of Graham's Magazine, (who will have the entire responsibility of that position,) assisted by several Literary Gentlemen of the highest attainments, and of enlarged experience in Journalism. It is not our intention to make a great parade in Prospectus writing but to put The Saturday Evening Mail fairly before the country upon its merits. It will contain the most able Original Contributions from American writers, upon all the exciting topics of the day, written with great independence and spirit—fearless of the censure of men—but truthful earnest, and candid. The unhealthy namby-pambyism of too many of the so called Family Newspapers will be avoided while Tales of great power and useful intent will be found in its ample pages. It will contain Essays upon Public Measures, Commercial Affairs, Agricultural Matters, Poetry, Music, Fashion, and the Arts. On all Political Topics which agitate our country, we shall have a frank, independent, bold word to say; and upon European affairs, especially the great Republican movements which must yet be made—while we shall lay the whole matter fully, fairly, and at the earliest day before our readers, we shall use such free discussion as our own proclivities, very decidedly felt, will make manifest, before we have made many visits to our readers. In short, the general scope and tendency of the paper will be to sustain and urge on the progressive tendency of the Age and of Humanity, by recognizing fully the rapidly developing moral power of the people,

ESPECIALLY ON TEMPERANCE

The Editor will take a very firm stand, discussing with honest intent and faithful earnestness the importance of this, the Leading Question of the Times, (defiant and self-reliant always, when he feels he is right, in maintaining the principles of a Prohibitory Law,) and fairly stating all the facts, and looking in the face of all the consequences growing out of the subject. The whole wealth of the Foreign Magazines and Reviews will be laid under early contribution, and the freshest and best shall appear in our pages in advance of the more cumbersome and dilatory monthlies, which rely upon matter a month old to give interest to their pages. It is intended that this Weekly shall be preserved hence the tone will be elevated and the reading matter generally of high value and character, —also the quality and form of the paper, which will enable subscribers, by carefully filing copies when they are first received, to preserve for binding the volumes, as a legacy to their household hereafter. The paper will be of quality and durability, not the refuse of cotton stock, but a firm linen paper, that shall not wear out in the handling, or come to pieces in the mails. Without more parade we announce that Specimen Copies will be sent to those who desire to see the style and examine the merit of the paper; and that the terms will be in accordance with the spirit of the age, (as cheap as a good article can be furnished for cash,) relying as we do upon the judgment of the people for an extended circulation of a Journal of such character as we purpose to give The Saturday Evening Mail. The price will be—

1 copy, one year, paid in advance,			$ 2 00
2 copies,	"	"	3 00
4 "	"	"	5 00
11 "	"	"	10 00
17 "	"	"	15 00
23 "	"	"	20 00
35 "	"	"	30 00
65 "	"	"	50 00
133 "	"	"	100 00

CLUBING WITH MAGAZINES.

Graham's Magazine, and the Mail 1 year,			$ 3 50
Godey's Lady's Book,	"	"	3 50
Harper's Magazine,	"	"	3 50
Putnam's Magazine,	"	"	3 50
Knickerbocker Magazine,	"	"	3 50

The above five Magazines, and five copies of the Mail for one year, for $15. cash in advance.

Address, RICHARD H. SEE,
106 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

☞ All Literary Communications to be addressed to GEO. R. GRAHAM, Editor.

Feb. 1, 1854. 42-tf. 106 Chestnut St.

J. M. ALLEN,

DRUGGIST, MILTON, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Pure *Drugs, Medicines & Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Glassware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.*

Our Stock is of the best quality, and the best selected assortment ever offered to the public.

PHYSICIANS, DEALERS, DYERS,

And all others can depend upon their orders meeting prompt attention, and upon the most accommodating terms.

N. B.—Physician's Prescriptions carefully compourded.

August 1, 1853. 19-tf.

GEORGE J. SUMNER.

IMPORTER AND DEALE IN

China, Glass and Earthenware.

No. 20 Pearl Street Iron Buildings,

RICHMOND VA.

INVITES the attention of the Merchants of Virginia, North Carolina, & Tenness, to his Stock of China, Glass and Earthenware which will be found as extensive as any republican House in this country, and which he is prepared to sell at as low prices and on as favorable terms as they can be bought anywhere North or South.

Special attention given to *packing* and shipping.

Richmond, Va. Aug. '53. 23-1y

CASWELL MUTUAL FIRE

Insurance Company.

THIS Company, located in Milton, N. C. chartered at the last session of the Legislature of North Carolina, is now fully organized and prepared to receive applications for insurance against Fire on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Workshops, Factories and other buildings. Also, on Goods, Furniture and other property.

Already a number of Policies have been issued and the business of the Company is gradually extending. Every applicant whose application is approved by the Executive Committee, becomes a member of the Company. The risks being principally in the country renders the Company very safe from heavy losses.

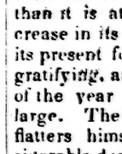
All applications can be sent to the undersigned by mail or otherwise and he will furnish to all desiring insurance, the necessary blanks.

JAMES M. ALLEN, *Sec'y.*

A. G. STEVENS, *Gen. Agent.*

Milton, Oct. 4. '53. 28-6m.

JOB WORK.



THE Proprietors of the North Carolina Democrat, have lately supplied themselves with an extensive variety of Job Type, and are now prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing in a very superior style, from a small business Card, to the largest size Poster, and on as accommodating terms as can be had any where in the State.

PETER W. HINTON,

Commission & Forwarding MERCHANT.

Nos. 25 and 26 Rothery's Wharf,

NORFOLK, VA.

Special attention paid to selling Tobacco Flour, Grain, Cotton, &c., &c.

ALSO, to Receiving and Forwarding Goods.

REFER TO

Chas. L. Hinton, Esq., Wake Co. N. C.
J. G. B Roulhac, Esq., Raleigh, N. C.
Geo. W. Haywood, Esq., Raleigh N. C.
Wm. Plummer, Esq., Warrenton, N. C.

August 22, 1853. 22-tf.

The American Farmer,

Devoted to Agriculture, Horticulture and Stock Raising.

Is published monthly in the City of Baltimore, Maryland.

By SAMUEL SANDS, 128 Baltimore St.

On the 1st of July, 1853, a new volume commences which will be th 9th of the present series, and the 35th year since its commencement. It is the oldest journal devoted to agriculture, published in this country, and has never been in a more flourishing state, or more popular than it is at the present time—the increase in its subscription list since it took its present form, has been regular and gratifying, and since the commencement of the year 1853, has been unusually large. The "*Farmer*," the publishers flatters himself, has been in no inconsiderable degree the instrument of awakening the farming interests to the improvement that is now going on in the Middle States of the Union; and he believes that but few of his readers will fail to acknowledge that the work has been worth to them many times the annual subscription.

TERMS—$1 per annum; 6 copies for $5—13 for $10—30 for $20 payable in advance.

We would call attention to the following list of

PREMIUMS.

In accordance with our usual practice the following premiums will be awarded to those who send us the largest lists of subscribers, up to 8 o'clock on the first evening of the annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society, viz:

For the largest list, *with the cash,*				$50
"	2d	do	do	35
"	3d	do	do	25
"	4th	do	do	15

The subscriptions will be received at the club prices, viz:—6 copies for $5; 13 copies for $10, and 30 for $20, and may be sent on from time to time, as obtained, to the hour indicated, when the decision will be made, and the premiums awarded in cash, silver plate, or agricultural implements at the option of the party. All communications to be addressed to.

SAMUEL SANDS, Publisher,
128 Baltimore st., Balt., Md.

JAMES M. ALLEN,

MILTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals and Dye Stuffs, Dye Woods, Oils, Paints, and Painters articles. Varnishes, Window Glass, and Putty, Glass Ware, French, English, and American Perfumery. Fine Toilet, and Shaving Soaps, Tooth, and Hair Brushes, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Trusses and Supporters. Spices, Snuffs, Manufactured Tobacco, Segars. Various kinds of Inks. Tilden's, & Co.'s. Extracts, and pure Wines, and Brandies for Medicinal purposes. Eatracts for flavoring, choice Toilet and Fancy articles. Select Powder, and every article usually found in a Drug Store.

I respectfully solicit a call from my friends and the public generally, at the old stand nearly opposite the Milton Hotel, where they will find the subscriber or Mr. RICHARD A. NEWBELL, always ready to wait on all. He pledges himself to use every exertion to please a generous public, both in price and quality, and any article by us that is not what it is represented to be, will be taken back and the money refunded.

Physicians orders, and orders from the Country promptly filled carefully packed, and satisfaction guarantied, with regard to price and quality. Physicians Prescriptions will receive particular attention, at all hours of the day and night. JAMES M. ALLEN.

TRUNKS.

LADIES' Travelling Trunks and Bonnet Boxes on hand and for sale by

jy 12-tf. GEO. A. SMITH & CO.